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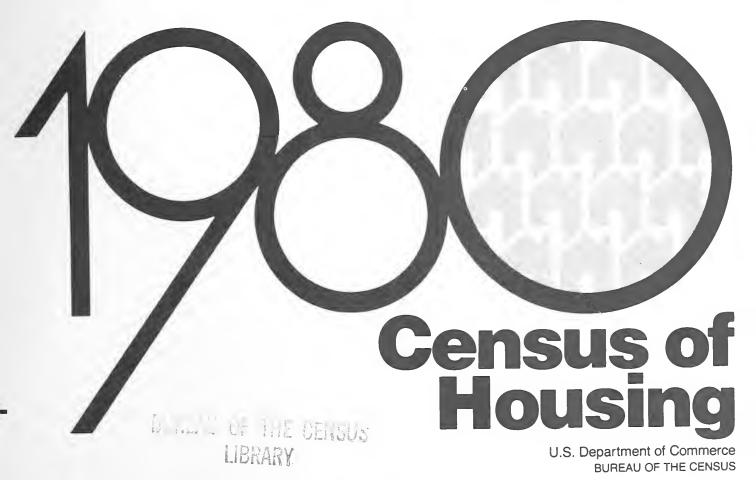
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

Census REF HD 7293 .A56X 1983 v.2 pt.92

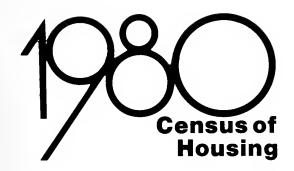
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BINGHAMTON, N.Y.-PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BINGHAMTON, N.Y.-PA.

HC80-2-92

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

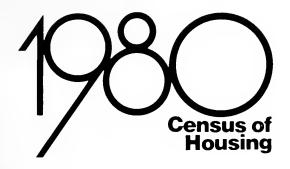
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BINGHAMTON, N.Y.-PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-92

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Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables-shows the pages on which the tables	Page	
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear		
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	×	
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII	
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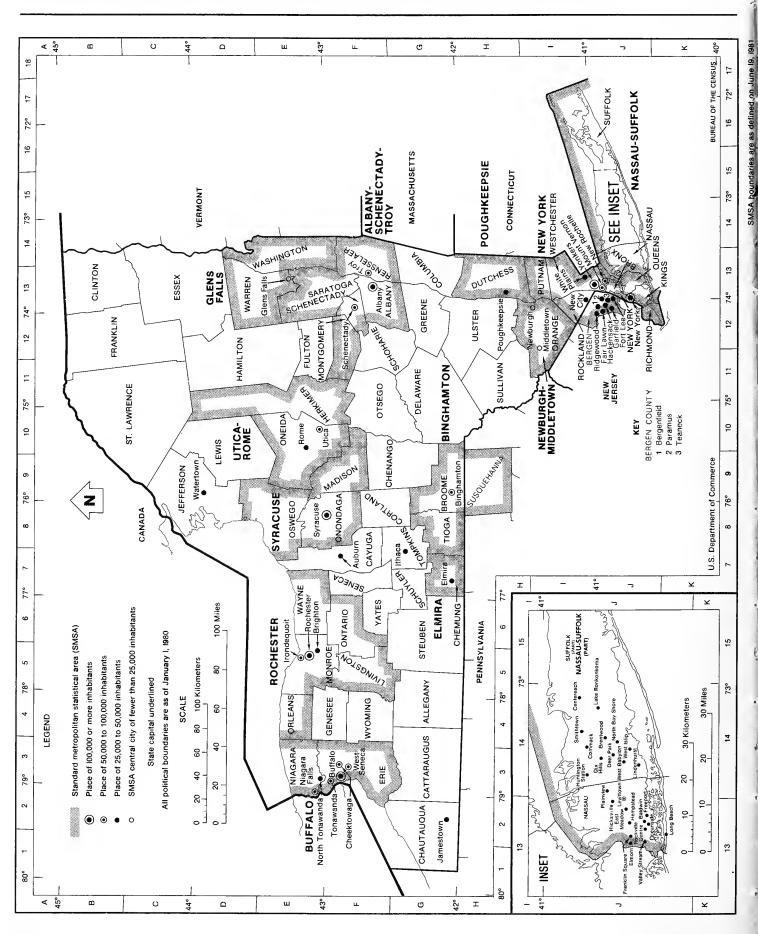
Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	<u> </u>	2	- 3	_ 4	_ 5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	_ _ _ 3		5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- - -	_ _ _	_ 5 _	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value					5 -	6
Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs	-	_	3	_	_ 	_
Contract rent	- 1	_ _ _	-	4 4	- - -	_ _ _ _
Gross rent as percentage of household income	1	2	- 3	4	_	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 _ _	4	5 -	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30

White		15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander		48	49	50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8		_ _	_ _ _	_ _	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	- - - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 -	- - -	9 - -	 	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	12 - - - -	- - - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- -	-	. 9 -	- 1	- - 11	_ 12 _	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - - -	- - - -	9 - 9 -	- - -	11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income	-	-	9	10	11	_ 	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9	_ _ _	- 11 11	- - -	
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_	_
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	- - -



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Logia are estima	ies bused un	u sumple, see	. mnodocnon	. TOT ITTEGRAL	g di ajilibala	, see minoda		minoris or rec	ma, acc appen	dixes a dila b		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 ta \$149,999	\$150,000 ar more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	51 820	832	3 934	8 585	12 476	11 105	6 411	5 763	1 724	797	193	40 100	43 300
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	49 082 7 509 9 024 17 045 5 897 3 423 112 583 509 1 049 1 170 8 315 27 488 911 2 858 4 031 50.7	405 9 43 59 151 143 170 2 - 43 52 52 73 257 - 3 34 61.7	2 371 258 466 1 002 611 452 100 74 68 140 160 1 111 2 75 48 348 638 58.2	5 731 77 966 1 009 2 447 1 232 802 32 128 87 252 303 2 052 — 110 184 667 1 091 56.0	9 574 1763 1 763 3 973 1 617 834 232 3111 2 068 111 161 195 729 972 52.1	9 036 199 1 923 1 971 3 796 1 147 584 21 111 79 220 111 79 220 1485 14 63 217 492 699 49.0	5 388 45 1 121 1 434 2 272 516 334 14 86 85 62 87 689 53 115 259 46.6	5 118 43 899 1 457 2 487 168 40 22 52 54 477 - 18 82 218 82 218 64.9	1 536 9 205 5533 686 83 60 50 12 2 32 9 9 128 - 5 30 54 45.7	747 28 259 420 40 15 - 12 3 3 - 11 22 48.1	176 36 53 66 21 4 - 13 - 4 4 4 5 4 4 4	42 000 42 100 42 100 46 000 42 300 35 200 32 800 34 600 32 600 31 200 32 600 31 300 32 800 31 300 31 300 31 300 31 300 31 300 31 300 31 300	45 600 40 100 40 800 50 200 46 300 38 100 35 100 35 500 35 300 35 300 35 300 36 500 37 500 41 700 36 900 41 700 33 300 41 700 33 300 41 700 41 700
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	3 809 10 298 8 629 12 786 16 298	37 69 122 219 385	170 505 561 872 1 826	425 1 319 1 124 1 918 3 799	711 2 468 1 986 2 865 4 446	955 2 277 1 806 2 866 3 201	610 1 488 1 147 1 793 1 373	586 1 403 1 231 1 561 982	217 500 429 410 168	68 236 170 235 88	30 33 53 47 30	45 900 43 300 42 600 41 600 34 400	49 500 47 200 46 600 44 700 36 500
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	393 2 795 9 147 15 433 11 222 12 830 6.4	87 145 222 176 105 97 5.3	98 593 852 1 193 678 520 5.9	80 860 1 978 2 690 1 696 1 281 6.0	57 642 3 006 4 504 2 360 1 907 6.1	38 347 2 135 3 966 2 411 2 208 6.3	15 106 553 1 835 1 874 2 028 6.9	13 81 374 929 1 693 2 673 7.4	5 7 24 106 268 1 314 8.4	14 3 31 111 638 8.5+	- - 3 26 164 8.5+	21 000 27 000 34 800 38 000 43 200 51 800	24 900 29 500 35 300 38 700 44 900 56 700
BEDROOMS None	25 933 8 527 28 359 11 385 2 591	7 97 326 272 105 25	294 1 203 1 726 618 93	235 2 204 4 323 1 510 313	6 114 2 376 7 436 2 139 405	6 120 1 499 6 898 2 131 451	33 470 4 044 1 522 342	6 40 393 2 901 2 046 377	33 531 858 302	16 175 369 237	- 7 53 87 46	39 400 22 000 32 000 40 600 45 900 50 200	40 700 26 700 33 300 42 300 50 900 59 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 309 3 338 9 637 10 205 5 613 19 718	25 41 84 50 61 571	79 152 240 325 377 2 761	124 197 664 1 187 1 172 5 241	445 444 1 477 2 645 1 585 5 880	682 605 2 244 3 204 1 369 3 001	694 559 1 964 1 439 617 1 138	729 781 2 039 1 032 322 860	336 382 549 200 75 182	146 139 329 99 26 58	49 38 47 24 9 26	53 800 54 000 50 500 42 700 37 300 31 800	58 900 57 600 53 900 44 700 38 900 33 600
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean	3 113 6 067 3 571 3 442 8 348 8 033 11 072 6 045 2 129 \$20 793 \$22 891	187 300 75 45 90 90 27 18 - \$8 665 \$11 021	569 1 020 426 357 653 454 380 65 10 \$12 218 \$14 017	782 1 599 859 795 1 545 1 281 1 299 352 73 \$15 770 \$17 107	729 1 568 1 024 1 007 2 537 2 129 2 457 887 138 \$18 663 \$19 889	454 944 717 668 2 001 2 122 2 704 1 264 231 \$21 696 \$22 753	208 287 223 342 872 998 2 048 1 154 279 \$26 280 \$27 122	133 276 215 187 501 798 1 613 1 487 553 \$29 659 \$31 197	43 45 16 30 100 109 415 576 390 \$36 877 \$39 079	8 17 14 6 22 45 104 205 376 \$48 116 \$51 411	- 11 2 5 27 7 25 37 79 \$43 524 \$63 416	30 200 30 600 33 700 34 400 37 200 40 300 44 700 53 900 72 500	31 900 32 400 35 200 36 500 39 200 41 500 47 100 57 200 78 900
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 23 to 29 percent 33 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged. Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Medion	29 107 10 572 6 949 4 668 2 619 73 17.8 22 713 8 730 5 097 2 782 1 821 1 165 826 2 193 99 12.5	210 81 21 14 31 6 50 7 7 19.9 622 143 100 157 68 37 17 98 2	1 215 296 305 192 102 201 2 713 5 20.1 2 7173 644 252 284 235 137 367 27 14.4	3 473 1 230 838 450 338 212 381 26 17,9 5 1112 1 682 1 145 745 745 242 499 25 13.8	6 750 2 297 1 588 1 110 678 400 0 655 2 18.4 5 726 2 334 1 283 650 655 2 345 4 241 1 220 508 36 12.0	6 839 2 463 1 631 1 285 553 341 559 7 7 77.9 4 268 319 163 906 586 586 586 586 908 908	4 352 1 780 1 010 644 382 160 366 10 16.9 2 059 949 525 169 113 80 67 156 - 10.8	4 183 1 626 1 059 615 337 409 	1 378 494 343 269 129 40 95 8 17.8 346 194 52 21 12 29 16 6	612 273 142 79 46 17 47 8 16.0 185 120 24 16 10 6	95 32 12 10 5 11 25 - 21.7 98 4 15 97 7	43 900 45 100 44 100 44 200 42 600 39 800 31 600 32 500 32 500 32 200 32 400 32 400 34 600	47 700 49 000 47 900 47 900 46 200 43 200 45 600 45 900 45 900 37 000 33 400 33 300 34 900 26 700
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	51 602 659 218 16 51 819 48 068 11 719 1 580 2 357 4.5	752 46 80 4 832 556 80 13 143 17.2	3 850 97 84 3 3 934 3 307 426 20 422 10.7	8 553 198 32 7 8 585 7 804 1 503 79 547 6.4	12 472 143 4 2 12 476 11 670 2 822 146 514 4.1	11 091 95 14 - 11 105 10 502 2 639 223 358 3.2	6 411 47 - 6 410 6 098 1 738 209 177 2.8	5 763 31 	1 724 2 1 724 1 659 604 230 53 3.1	793 -4 4 -797 787 341 205 8 1.0	193 - - 193 182 108 83 7 3.6	40 100 29 400 12 500 25 400 40 100 40 600 43 500 64 000 31 200	43 400 31 800 17 600 20 400 43 300 44 000 48 900 74 300 33 900

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimated	tes based on a	sample, see in	traduction. Fo	r meaning of s	symbols, see In	itroduction. Fo	r definitions of	terms, see op	pendixes A an	d B]	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-accupied housing units	31 377	1 434	4 005	7 864	7 392	4 803	2 239	905	610	194	1 931	209
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Married-couple familles	11 037 1 864	131	8 50 98	2 321 533	2 656 615	2 113 369	1 107 113	491 32	309 12	118 12	941 75	232 220
25 to 34 years	4 107 1 497	44 15	258 72	861 197	992 343	930 305	415 214	200 113	129 59	13 59	265 120	238 258
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 058 1 511	34 33	185 237	347 383	417 289	316 193	188 177	117 29	101 8	26 8	327 154	237 204
Male householder, no wife present	7 493 2 060	380 40	1 252 252	1 924 508	1 671 586	1 015 288	523 207	1 91 90	1 32 55	40 8	365 26	200 216
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	2 366 826	49 19	248 127	697 179	667 181	381 161	191	27 14	32 37	4 16	70 40	209 219
45 ta 64 years65 years and over	1 489 752	130 142	393 232	397 143	176 61	163	52 73	45 15	6	6	100 129	169 139
Female householder, no husband present	12 847	923	1 903	3 619	3 065	1 675	609	223	169	36	625	195
15 to 24 years	2 230 2 907	63 48	266 318	676 872	775 779	245 598	96 191	47 44 53	55 20	3 4	33	206 211
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 346 2 548	22 187	110 386	320 893	344 569	277 245	138 56	36	11 26	5 6	66 144	222 185
65 years and over	3 816 35.4	603 66.6	823 51.2	858 33.8	598 31.0	310 32.1	128 33.4	43 35.6	57 3 5.1	18 39.9	378 56.1	166
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT			1									
1979 to March 1980	13 414 9 640	412 392	1 183 1 276	3 005 2 647	3 607 2 264	2 553 1 532	1 266 650	611 206	370 184	113 37	294 452	224 206
1970 to 1974	3 530 2 768	250 214	551 632	1 048 710	713 531	398 243	162 110	37 51	34 18	44	293 259	190 177
1959 or earlier	2 025	166	363	454	277	77	51	-	4	-	633	170
ROOMS 1 room	912	359	334	93	78	25	8	_	_	2	13	109
2 rooms3 rooms	1 643 6 593	212 520	471 1 354	449 2 533	236 1 184	126 558	50 195	13 52	_ 17		86 180	156 174
4 rooms	8 828 7 433	213 82	954 620	2 357 1 523	2 533 2 125	1 463 1 561	660 695	218 228	102 123	19 54	309 422	213
5 rooms6 rooms	3 639	36	191	680	938	730	362	203	171	41	287	229 241
7 or more rooms Median	2 329 4.2	12 2.8	81 3.4	229 3.9	298 4.4	340 4.6	269 4.8	191 5.2	197 5.9	78 6.0	634 5.4	284
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979	31 377	1 434	4 005	7 044	7 200	4 000	0.000	205	(10	104	1 931	200
Ail income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use	30 278	1 105	3 665	7 864 7 728	7 392 7 259	4 803 4 729	2 239 2 221	9 05 899	610 610	194 194	1 868	209 210
0.50 or less 0.51 ta 1.00	20 237 9 293	890 210	2 659 919	5 428 2 137	4 750 2 314	2 777 1 853	1 434 686	430 448	317 256	107 85	1 445 385	204 224
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	646 102	5 -	74 13	134 29	163 32	87 12	101	15 6	37 -	2	30 8	221 210
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	1 099 422	329 72	340 113	136 71	133 76	74 50	18 5	6 -	_	_	63 35 17	123 158 105
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	624 40	257	220 5	42 23	51 6	18	13	6	_	_	17 6	173
1.51 or more	13	- 575	2	1 520	1 407	6	254	744	104	- 21	5	258 196
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 387 6 051	466	1 019 922	1 539 1 482	1 487 1 455	755 742	354 352	166 166	124 124	21	347 321	200
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	326 336	109	55 97	62 5 <u>7</u>	90 32	39 13	34 2	11	20 -	~	10 26	218 109
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS	13	-	-	7	6	-	_	_	-	- j	-	189
None	1 162	386 786	441	170	117	25	. 8			2	13	122
2	10 203 12 828	211	2 053 1 119	3 751 3 031	2 054 3 648	850 2 428	264 1 159	90 347	19 216	8 51	328 618	177 223
3 4	5 665 1 212	41 6	326 49	759 143	1 408 148	1 331 129	659 131	344 91	185 156	52 66	560 293	251 295
5 or more	307	4	17	10	17	40	18	33	34	15	119	317
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	5 038	44	323	712	982	675	602	278	221	90	1 111	245
2 3 and 4	8 999 6 305	221 156	887 1 079	2 433 2 047	2 456 1 613	1 567 878	549 317	262 44	155 54	36 10	433 107	214 195
5 to 9 10 to 49	4 500 4 135	210 316	709 620	1 384 929	1 203 772	594 844	229 437	104 125 70	34 55	- 2	33 35	195 197 209 119
50 or mare Mobile hame or trailer, etc	1 287 1 113	475 12	269 118	131 228	45 321	100 145	33 72	70 22	54 34 55 73 18	56 -	33 35 35 177	119 218
YEAR STRUCTURE RUILT		-			-							
1975 to March 1980	1 784 1 930	244 119	128 114	86 248	211 450	370 451	348 183	181 95	103	28 41	85 135	277 247
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959	3 913 2 937	137 66	211 390	469 761	849 741	1 046 483	609 150	95 202 65	94 82 99	52	256 173	258 209
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 923 16 890	123 745	442 2 720	1 144 5 156	1 110 4 031	531 1 922	238 711	88 274	82 150	16 48	1 133	207 192
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	10 070	,43	2 /20	3 ,30	4 031	' /22	,,,	2/4	,30	40	1 133	1/2
1 to 34 or more	29 523 1 854	934 500	3 679 326	7 463 401	7 115 277	4 698 105	2 194 45	861 44	545 65	138 56	1 896 35	211 161
With elevator	946	429	159	103	34	13	8	44	65	56	35	105
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	5 876 5 117	422 143	978 673	1 874 1 420	1 349 1 275	760 933	291 420	86 137 146	71 107	45 9	:::	192 212
20 to 24 percent	4 038 2 974	255 220	435 415	1 071	1 036 723	688 476	318	146	77	12 28	•••	211
30 to 34 percent35 to 49 percent	2 204 3 896	145 130	261 692	470 880	565 1 013	409 587	226 190 328	120 101 129	77 66 39 86	24 51	:::	220 212
50 percent or moreNot computed	4 917 2 355	58 61	499 52	1 330 119	1 364	898 52	328 422	164 22	161	21	1 931	212 219 188
Median	2 355 24.4	22.4	23.7	22.7	67 25.0	25.0	44 26.5	28.0	28.7	30.2	1 931	188
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	31 362	1 434	3 993	7 861	7 392	4 803	2 239	905	610	194	1 931	209
Central heating system	31 362 27 582 6 424	1 330 174	3 215	6 789 1 046	6 468	4 438	2 048	849	583	180 107	1 682	211 249
Central system	1 345	36	439 77	94	1 361 143	1 417 298	848 302	365 160	246 119	80	421 36	301

Table A-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		·- <u>-</u>		· · · · · ·	Но	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	73 687	5 349	10 065	5 811	5 458	11 874	10 810	14 177	7 447	2 696	19 254	21 490	4 235
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	55 238 1 244 10 295	1 314 55 145	5 152 148 520	3 962 166 745	3 984 148 923	9 484 322 2 631	9 287 234 2 263	12 714 142 2 318	6 885 27 622	2 456 2 128	21 843 16 483 20 369	24 209 16 862 21 491	1 808 80 311
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	11 882 22 979 8 838 5 798 226 994 847 1 880 1 851 12 651	196 382 536 782 16 41 32 183 510 3 253	469 1 276 2 739 1 334 59 139 111 267 758 3 579	424 1 299 1 328 568 37 132 63 212 124 1 281	596 1 320 997 494 30 140 47 162 115 980	1 981 3 187 1 363 849 52 173 183 313 128	2 250 3 771 769 661 13 134 152 286 76 862	3 531 6 062 661 696 5 175 154 261 101 767	1 855 4 129 252 270 4 49 60 129 28	580 1 553 193 144 10 11 45 67 11	25 053 25 367 12 154 13 588 12 583 15 900 19 684 16 706 7 124 9 212	27 186 27 694 15 348 16 562 14 850 18 692 22 262 19 235 10 304 11 873	479 532 406 460 9 60 59 161 171 1 967
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	122 829 1 262 4 208 6 230 51.4	10 135 121 670 2 317 69.8	42 208 242 1 112 1 975 66.3	10 119 121 552 479 57.6	8 72 125 369 406 54.3	155 278 640 462 45.9	24 84 173 358 223 45.4	22 42 144 314 245 46.5	14 58 127 93 48.4	66 30 50.6	12 250 11 502 15 433 11 458 6 601	15 134 12 698 16 182 13 974 9 408	13 177 184 556 1 037 59.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	5 901 15 196 12 404 16 811 23 375	310 574 641 981 2 843	562 1 341 1 283 1 899 4 980	529 1 179 873 976 2 254	534 1 231 835 895 1 963	1 153 3 039 2 243 2 256 3 183	939 2 733 2 045 2 494 2 599	1 143 3 129 2 552 4 013 3 340	552 1 448 1 416 2 417 1 614	179 522 516 880 599	19 407 20 378 20 696 22 737 14 551	21 818 22 555 22 798 24 490 17 862	332 722 654 870 1 657
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more	72 915 1 081 772 46 73 684 66 451 15 709 2 026 69 431 26 579 42 852	5 112 38 237 8 5 349 4 477 562 69 3 456 2 608 848	9 891 115 174 7 10 065 8 751 1 607 156 8 534 6 080 2 454	5 740 84 71 5 5 811 5 049 1 093 55 5 525 3 281 2 244	5 389 96 69 3 5 456 4 795 1 051 120 5 246 2 673 2 573	11 770 211 104 15 11 874 10 571 2 563 265 11 653 4 987 6 666	10 756 149 54 2 10 809 9 824 2 391 182 10 755 3 107 7 648	14 135 245 42 6 14 177 13 256 3 369 464 14 147 2 825 11 322	7 428 116 19 7 447 7 124 2 115 416 7 425 726 6 699	2 694 27 2 2 696 2 604 958 299 2 690 292 2 398	19 364 19 912 9 290 15 000 19 254 19 797 21 830 27 470 20 127 13 735 24 288	21 598 21 879 11 227 14 379 21 490 22 023 24 997 32 658 22 378 15 594 26 587	4 042 159 193 11 4 235 3 409 482 61 3 247 1 982 1 265
House heating fuel Urility ags Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms Specified owner-accupied housing units	73 684 33 337 1 041 5 918 27 863 5 525 6.2 51 820	5 349 2 076 162 191 2 391 529 5.6	10 065 4 127 170 450 4 439 879 5.7 6 067	5 811 2 101 152 435 2 558 565 5.7 3 571	5 456 2 172 122 375 2 357 430 5.8	11 874 5 080 185 842 4 729 1 038 6.1 8 348	10 809 4 829 100 1 073 3 932 875 6.3	14 177 7 000 115 1 383 4 789 890 6.6	7 447 4 231 35 856 2 064 261 7.2 6 045	2 696 1 721 - 313 604 58 7.9 2 129	19 254 21 061 13 248 23 170 17 177 16 661 20 793	21 490 23 540 14 765 25 235 19 250 17 668 22 891	4 235 1 394 140 167 1 958 576 5.8 2 357
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	29 107	620	1 472	1 426	1 655	4 985	5 323	7 755	4 378	1 493	24 081	26 261	884
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	1 282 3 789 5 701 5 459 4 192 4 855 2 116 1 229 484 \$335 22 713 43 447	66 98 111 126 95 82 26 8 8 \$314 2 493 20	156 336 393 238 102 143 69 29 6 \$281 4 595 10	119 307 343 284 160 149 45 19 - \$292 2 145 6	88 356 398 335 230 156 59 28 5 \$298 1 787 3	309 894 1 041 1 165 672 646 172 58 28 \$311 3 363 2	264 621 1 217 1 029 811 997 266 100 18 \$327 2 710	186 910 1 559 1 316 1 216 1 422 767 285 94 \$346 3 317 2	76 241 539 810 732 922 519 430 109 \$386	18 26 100 156 174 338 193 272 216 \$476	17 546 19 444 21 924 22 898 25 012 26 539 29 886 35 929 33 566 15 459 6 250 7 602	19 391 20 794 23 171 24 627 26 860 28 945 31 765 39 128 53 245 18 573 8 071 9 628	39 132 186 181 140 123 60 13 10 \$323 1 473 147
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$179 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare Median	1 785 3 661 5 455 7 303 2 603 1 416 \$150	379 627 576 504 186 64 \$129	507 924 1 163 1 336 348 162 \$140	231 310 584 696 200 87 \$146	130 371 545 455 184 40 \$140	166 530 964 1 173 327 179 \$150	226 392 583 952 324 197 \$156	106 407 735 1 303 556 194 \$165	40 87 284 681 363 211 \$181	13 21 203 115 282 \$234	10 070 12 254 14 356 17 802 20 654 24 410	12 241 14 283 16 372 19 973 23 273 33 409	173 336 334 386 90 69 \$136
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	29 107	620	1 472	1 426	1 655	4 985	5 323	7 755	4 378	1 493	24 081	26 261	884
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	10 572 6 949 4 668 2 619 1 426 2 800 73 17.8	- 19 14 516 71 50+	7 12 54 107 204 1 088 - 44.2	17 57 231 313 320 488 - 31.5	22 251 393 412 284 293 — 27.0	497 1 436 1 523 894 364 269 2 21.8	1 324 2 080 1 137 552 147 83 -	4 149 2 188 1 003 279 80 56 -	3 254 759 302 43 13 7 - 12.4	1 302 166 25 - - - - 10—	32 891 24 094 20 528 17 127 14 040 9 136 2500—	36 439 25 973 22 018 17 953 15 039 9 800 -311	8 4 9 12 32 748 71 50+
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	22 713 8 730 5 097 2 782 1 821 1 165 826 2 193 99 12.5	2 493 10 7 32 210 225 269 1 641 99 42.7	4 595 38 490 1 132 1 072 793 539 531 — 23.0	2 145 136 718 814 325 120 17 15 - 16.3	1 787 319 949 380 120 12 1 6 - 13.0	3 363 1 184 1 784 296 91 8 - - - 11.4	2 710 1 844 754 104 1 7 	3 317 2 936 362 17 2 - - - 10—	1 667 1 631 29 7 - - - 10	636 632 4 - - - - - - 10	15 459 27 367 15 920 10 697 8 359 6 759 5 816 3 968 2500—	18 573 30 725 16 471 11 397 8 675 7 249 5 877 4 072 -658	1 473 19 41 18 72 85 100 1 039 99 48.1

Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	32 659	6 957	8 920	4 105	2 844	4 476	2 699	1 921	535	202	10 276	12 228	6 654
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	11 804 1 967 4 310 1 656 2 283 1 588 7 724 2 105 2 435 808 1 528 808 13 131 2 251 2 944 1 382 2 604 3 950 35.7	735 1772 195 128 112 128 1722 446 365 126 351 4344 4 500 785 582 221 785 585 254	2 580 537 691 206 383 763 1 830 605 505 482 148 371 224 4 813 1 065 558 935 1 139 37.7	1 537 251 678 197 212 199 1 054 382 412 63 133 64 1 514 251 497 191 347 28 31.6	1 299 282 470 162 197 188 703 178 262 84 147 32 157 265 125 148 147 32.5	2 422 449 1 0000 408 457 1086 2800 450 94 205 27 798 135 339 201 202 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	1 673 225 779 251 325 93 645 133 246 120 125 21 381 84 102 41 31.8	1 115 48 407 212 395 53 536 194 145 - 270 010 76 73 38.1	341 -72 60 167 42 103 9 9 15 62 17 - 91 5 - 22 42 22 46.6	102 3 18 32 355 14 75 18 6 6 25 - - 19 48.8	14 521 12 708 15 577 16 555 17 723 9 440 10 735 10 305 12 248 15 187 7 001 6 770 9 269 8 057 4 750	16 024 12 749 16 215 18 258 19 638 12 039 12 527 10 977 13 211 7 187 14 006 8 641 7 852 10 020 10 604 9 448 6 844	1 254 285 477 234 155 103 1 527 590 369 110 285 173 3 873 951 833 368 689 1 032 33.5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	13 797 9 960 3 661 2 942 2 299	2 967 1 799 834 703 654	3 905 2 448 964 860 743	1 775 1 379 405 326 220	1 133 947 375 251 138	1 880 1 616 481 303 196	1 179 918 225 215 162	719 634 260 2 07 101	163 165 57 77 73	76 54 60 — 12	10 037 11 329 10 201 9 460 8 359	11 762 13 035 12 780 11 892 11 088	3 421 1 737 640 447 409
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	31 502 21 028 9 693 677 104 1 157 460 639 45	6 466 5 059 1 284 115 8 491 182 303 6	8 579 5 860 2 504 212 3 341 151 168 22	3 983 2 540 1 314 101 28 122 41 73 3	2 770 1 703 985 61 21 74 40 28 6	4 405 2 576 1 729 86 14 71 36 33 -	2 675 1 675 961 28 11 24 - 24	1 897 1 213 626 45 13 24 - 10 8	535 274 231 24 6	192 128 59 5 - 10 10 -	10 443 9 636 12 014 10 285 14 048 6 393 6 935 5 516 8 036 19 375	12 378 11 705 13 782 12 578 16 510 8 145 8 617 7 356 10 861 20 833	6 287 3 657 2 295 314 21 367 140 212 15
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	32 643 28 457 6 518 1 354 24 654 17 216 7 438 32 643 19 502 624 3 477 7 833 1 207 4.3	6 956 5 927 802 197 2 889 2 468 421 6 956 4 297 184 608 1 581 286 3.7	8 910 7 619 1 326 280 6 224 5 096 1 128 8 910 5 400 5 400 825 2 168 825 2 168 301 4.2	4 100 3 520 829 127 3 620 2 775 4 100 2 373 71 411 1 059 186 4.4	2 844 2 488 563 88 2 558 1 860 698 2 844 1 632 33 317 733 129 4.3	4 476 3 973 1 124 180 4 223 2 489 1 734 4 476 2 626 69 504 1 113 164 4.6	2 699 2 456 766 157 2 619 1 420 1 199 2 699 1 623 22 329 650 75 4.8	1 921 1 801 760 201 1 874 840 1 034 1 921 1 094 26 379 383 39 4.7	535 513 229 63 483 191 292 535 353 3 87 83 9	202 160 119 61 164 77 87 202 104 - 17 63 18 5.2	10 278 10 485 13 841 14 574 12 220 10 941 16 614 10 278 10 057 8 226 11 858 10 395 10 222	12 230 12 438 16 382 18 006 14 081 12 401 17 968 12 230 12 128 9 426 13 926 12 069 11 489	6 654 5 481 625 177 3 457 2 634 823 6 654 4 026 180 500 1 620 328 4.2
Specified renter-occupied housing units	31 377	6 736	8 594	3 918	2 722	4 324	2 555	1 821	516	191	10 229	12 193	6 387
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	3 074 6 767 10 150 5 368 2 794 769 283 166 75 1 931 \$171	1 333 1 795 2 092 682 249 51 36 2 10 486 \$150	983 2 267 2 835 1 352 457 139 21 38 - 502 \$161	205 766 1 569 706 386 33 16 3 5 229	188 563 977 503 272 54 17 6 6 136	180 741 1 466 897 553 145 21 26 12 283 \$185	105 327 698 630 408 156 67 28 -	51 242 379 500 324 115 75 21 10 104 \$226	17 47 105 91 118 56 21 25 2	12 19 29 7 27 20 9 17 30 21 \$281	5 951 8 435 10 236 12 302 15 276 18 384 21 362 20 714 26 125 9 747	7 967 10 119 11 381 13 896 16 966 19 246 21 600 26 570 46 278 12 068	929 1 486 2 207 847 358 126 50 24 13 347 \$161
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$330 to \$349 \$550 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	1 434 4 005 7 864 7 392 4 803 2 239 905 610 194 1 931 \$209	889 1 427 1 761 1 246 574 226 67 50 10 486 \$173	376 1 489 2 351 2 070 1 093 438 164 107 4 502 \$196	44 360 1 178 1 074 632 269 77 44 11 229 \$210	42 258 798 806 363 181 102 23 13 136 \$210	40 240 1 000 1 055 977 428 177 93 31 283 \$235	15 126 416 669 609 316 140 96 32 136 \$249	22 92 274 342 414 285 137 114 37 104 \$263	6 5 61 102 120 70 37 72 9 34 \$283	8 25 28 21 26 4 11 47 21 \$306	4 391 6 729 9 596 10 885 13 206 15 066 16 095 19 362 22 500 9 747	5 812 8 311 10 746 12 300 14 729 16 264 17 348 20 060 36 737 12 068	575 1 019 1 539 1 487 755 354 166 124 21 347 \$196
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	7201	Ţ.,, o .	7.70	7-10	+- 10	+=00	¥=¬'	7-00	,_00	+300			,,,,
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	5 876 5 117 4 038 2 974 2 204 3 896 4 917 2 355 24.4	10 53 212 241 312 1 130 3 868 910 50+	296 633 1 065 1 400 1 260 2 407 1 031 502 32.6	240 850 1 142 770 417 252 18 229 23.3	503 1 029 612 258 141 43 - 136 18.8	1 405 1 503 787 239 50 57 283 17.0	1 409 751 189 49 14 7 - 136 14.1	1 384 277 29 17 10 104 11.9	461 19 2 - - - 34 10—	168 2 - - - - 21 10—	21 660 14 984 11 624 9 505 8 300 6 307 3 635 7 388	23 774 15 607 12 039 9 762 8 494 6 582 3 606 9 883	35 126 164 252 316 1 097 3 626 771 50+

Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The CHICA		Less thon	\$200 to	\$250 to	\$300 to	\$350 to	\$400 to	\$500 to	\$600 to		Medion
The SMSA	Total	\$200	\$249	\$299	\$349	\$399	\$499	\$599	\$749	\$750 or more	(dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	29 107	1 282	3 789	5 701	5 459	4 192	4 855	2 116	1 229	484	335
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons 8 or more persons 8 o	1 558 5 823 6 236 8 233 4 450 1 897 627 283 3.61	185 355 216 264 173 54 28 7 2.97	315 843 798 1 110 471 178 62 12 3.42	300 1 021 1 245 1 637 911 422 97 68 3.67	257 992 1 192 1 551 866 418 134 49 3.69	216 796 946 1 217 579 271 125 42 3.61	169 1 046 1 060 1 326 842 239 107 66 3.62	70 481 401 572 335 182 45 30 3.69	43 256 242 381 202 86 19 -	3 33 136 175 71 47 10 9	296 335 336 336 339 335 347 357
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 64 years 35 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over 65 years and over Median age 65 years and over	25 241 561 7 075 7 886 9 135 604 1 449 73 480 375 442 79 2 397 10 422 724 724 948 293 41.5	968 12 177 259 445 75 103 - 27 19 42 15 211 - 22 23 115 51 48.5	3 051 81 588 821 1 467 94 271 777 82 67 24 467 69 133 1777 88 845.2	4 861 122 1 203 1 450 1 924 162 285 15 84 63 109 14 555 167 244 59 42.9	4 758 86 1 375 1 571 1 632 94 259 17 65 98 79 442 44 91 145 167 35 40.8	3 700 65 1 220 1 116 1 236 63 205 7 65 60 69 4 287 1 1 49 104 103 30 39,7	4 453 131 1 498 1 391 1 358 75 190 13 82 26 51 18 212 48 68 68 75 21 39,3	1 870 48 585 614 594 29 69 - 38 20 11 - 177 5 58 62 46 6 38,9	1 143 144 343 448 331 7 7 58 - 40 7 7 7 7 4 28 - 15 13	457 2 86 216 148 5 9 - 2 7 - 18 - 18 8 3 42.7	339 338 338 345 322 291 313 301 302 252 297 450 312 313 3287 256
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	3 357 8 916 6 780 7 717 2 337	69 148 308 424 333	133 744 810 1 482 620	306 1 312 1 475 2 112 496	414 1 634 1 397 1 707 307	408 1 569 1 086 883 246	923 1 931 997 787 217	499 913 421 192 91	431 466 223 97 12	174 199 63 33 15	434 370 329 296 272
ROOMS I to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	114 949 4 475 7 920 6 799 8 850 6.7	23 117 409 330 220 183 5.8	29 204 960 1 481 668 447 6.0	13 197 1 138 1 800 1 341 1 212 6.3	16 190 870 1 564 1 457 1 362 6.6	9 126 558 1 161 1 021 1 317 6.7	23 64 434 1 080 1 275 1 979 7.1	1 26 63 394 528 1 104 7.6	17 32 97 227 856 8.2	- 8 11 13 62 390 8.5+	269 289 288 311 340 396
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	2 865 2 697 7 011 5 598 2 753 8 183	26 82 155 302 123 594	212 133 670 891 466 1 417	300 345 1 398 1 130 622 1 906	394 412 1 320 1 083 555 1 695	374 432 1 057 797 417 1 115	732 580 1 370 834 387 952	388 391 509 393 122 313	301 229 387 132 49	138 93 145 36 12 60	416 394 349 322 315 305
VALUE Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 to \$19,999_ \$20,000 to \$29,999_ \$30,000 to \$39,999_ \$40,000 to \$39,999_ \$50,000 to \$59,999_ \$60,000 to \$79,999_ \$80,000 to \$99,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$150,000 or \$99,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$150,000 or more_	210 1 215 3 473 6 750 6 839 4 352 4 183 1 378 612 95 \$43 900	86 253 337 368 165 32 31 10 	38 349 888 1 318 794 270 120 6 6 6	42 277 1 016 1 816 1 475 670 354 47 4 47 538 100	34 229 593 1 558 1 611 776 595 52 11 -	7 50 376 952 1 097 810 731 124 45 - \$46 000	3 53 216 640 1 248 1 128 1 058 426 78 5 \$52 100	- 4 27 73 391 484 781 249 89 18	- 20 9 56 173 419 348 187 17	- 16 2 9 94 116 192 55 \$100 900	225 251 275 297 331 376 425 510 659 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	10 572 6 949 4 668 2 619 1 426 2 800 73 17.8	866 166 99 69 24 47 11	2 009 865 355 183 112 262 3 14.5	2 647 1 420 606 373 221 428 6	1 949 1 372 921 462 288 458 9	1 375 1 093 755 367 185 389 28 18.2	1 107 1 203 972 678 344 545 6 20.6	322 470 550 304 116 352 2 22.4	193 273 327 147 85 204 –	104 87 83 36 51 115 8 22.8	296 337 373 380 368 376 363
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeles furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Unity gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	29 107 6 249 17 151 3 315 148 2 244 7 083 1 091 1 991 14 919 210 3 548 8 654 1 776	1 282 174 809 33 26 240 210 10 200 1 282 602 4 46 421 209	3 789 496 2 600 208 36 449 800 24 776 3 789 2 087 27 218 1 070 387	5 701 1 148 3 670 342 23 518 1 322 125 7 701 3 065 41 372 1 783 440	5 459 1 241 3 261 513 43 401 1 212 137 1 075 5 459 2 756 58 532 1 828 285	4 192 1 043 2 384 491 10 264 1 065 1 66 899 4 192 2 130 23 511 1 308 220	4 855 1 120 2 607 847 5 276 1 234 187 1 047 4 855 2 380 37 907 1 348 183	2 116 601 992 466 1 56 648 145 503 2 116 1 014 7 496 569 30	1 229 316 562 325 4 22 380 146 234 1 229 613 340 252	484 110 266 90 - 18 212 151 61 484 272 - 126 75	335 353 323 407 276 350 439 338 335 331 328 409 229 283

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dota ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Dota ore estimate:	s basea on a som	pie, see introducti	on, For meaning	or symbols, see i	ntroduction. For	deminimums of Term	is, see oppendixes	s A ond 8 j	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 713	43	447	1 785	3 661	5 455	7 303	2 603	1 416	150
PERSONS IN UNIT										
l person	5 120	11	221 149	661	1 198	1 201	1 296	373	159	135
2 persons3 persons	9 944 3 880	22	46	728 246	1 685 396	2 511 989	3 217 1 469	1 033 479	599 253	149
4 persons	2 089	2 2	ii l	101	197	443	736	430	253 169	159 170
5 persons	1 079	2	16	25 24	130	206	359	186	155 38	172
6 persons	366	7	2	24	34	66	136	66	38	171
7 persons	154 81	4	2	-	2 19	35	64 26	24 12	25 18	178 180
8 or more persons Medion	2.13	1.98	1.52	1.82	1.88	2.11	2.23	2.40	2.42	160
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	2	1.70	1.52	1.02	1.00	2	2.20	2.40	2.42	•••
Married-couple families	14 821	29	180	916	1 991	3 609	5 157	1 891	1 048	157
15 to 24 years	46	-		_9	17	2	12	.6		121
25 to 34 years	434 1 138	- 4	13 11	72 78	47 160	98 252	143 341	45 176	16 116	147 159
35 to 44 years	7 910	13	62	378	877	1 884	2 966	1 100	630	162
65 years and over	5 293	12	94	379	890	1 373	1 695	564	286	148
Male householder, no wife present	1 974	12	94	242	398	420	554	147	107	139
15 to 24 years	39 103	2	7	12 8	38	12	11	8	14	113
25 to 34 years	134	2		21	31	37	21 15	14	14	132 134
45 to 64 years	607	5	10	73	112	133	168	68	38	144
65 years and over	1 091	3	.77	128	216	231	339	56	41	138
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	5 918 17	2	173	627 8	1 272	1 426	1 592	565	261	141 127
25 to 34 years	66	_	3	4	17	l ıí	17	12	2	145
35 to 44 years	187	-	-	9	25	55	67	24	7	153
45 to 64 years	1 910	1	47	136	373	435	603	212	103	148
65 years and over	3 738 63.2	59.7	123 71.8	470 66.5	857 66.0	918 64.0	903 61.9	317 59.8	149 59.4	136
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	452	4	24	53	106	54	134	43	34	143
1975 to 1978	1 382	8	42	116	205	338	427	165	81	149
1970 to 1974	1 849	.3	46 67	159	278	328	532	294	209	160
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	5 069 13 961	19	67 268	324 1 133	682 2 390	1 050 3 685	1 700 4 510	800 1 301	427 665	162 147
	13 701	'	200	1 133	2 390	3 003	4 310	1 301	003	14/
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	279	7	38	79	80	25	30	11	9	105
4 rooms	1 846	.8	104 107	293 499	442 917	549 1 301	356	53	41	128
5 rooms6 rooms	4 672 7 513	16	139	494	1 317	1 978	1 348 2 565	365 750	119 268	140 148
7 rooms	4 423		38	314	518	985	1 547	696	325	162
8 or more rooms	3 980	10	38 21	106	387	617	1 457	728	654	179
Medion	6.1	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.8	5.9	6.2	6.7	7.3	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	444	8	30	33	95	65	134 193	47	32	147
1970 to 1974	641	,-1	11	.40	99	82		108	108	173
1960 to 1969	2 626 4 607	13	26	140 257	282 598	457 1 097	915 1 656	· 474 604	319 331	172 159
1940 to 1949	2 860	2	60 35 285	252	537	775	899	241	119	144
1939 or earlier	11 535	16	285	1 063	2 050	2 979	3 506	1 129	507	145
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000	622	28	82	133	152	112	.90	19	.6	111
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	2 719 5 112	9 2	111	373	681 1 098	622 1 415	692	141 374	90 109	132 138
\$30,000 to \$39,999	5 726	2	122 84	606 425	1 027	1 710	1 386	511	144	144
\$40,000 to \$49,999	4 266		18	155	466	1 084	1 849	534	160	161
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2 059	-	8	38	142	375	880	449	167	177
\$60,000 to \$79,999	1 580	2	13	40	89	132	476	473 87	355 180	204 250+
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	346 185		9	4	6	1 1	59 41	15	129	250+
\$150,000 or more	98	-1		11	_	4	7	-	76	250+
Medion	\$34 500	\$10000—	\$21 300	\$25 900	\$28 900	\$33 200	\$37 900	\$45 300	\$62 000	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
	0.700	20	,,,	7/0	1 500	2 005	2 010	647	452	147
Less than 10 percent	8 730 5 097	33 5	191 77	769 404	1 533 700	2 085 1 343	2 819 1 621	847 654	453 293	151
15 to 19 percent	2 782	3	69	188	460	729	859	269	208	148
20 to 24 percent	1 821	_	78	175	287	301	631	234	115	156
25 to 29 percent	1 165	-	10	103	175	256	372	167	82	155
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	826 2 193	5	10 12	56 81	128 375	238 488	276 660	84 343	34 229	148 160
Not computed	99	-	-	9	3	15	65	5	2	167
Medion	12.5	10-	12.1	11.5	12.1	12.4	12.5	13.5	14.3	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	00 710	40	44-	. 705	2 (42		7 200	0.400	3.434	150
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	22 712 5 653	43	447 91	1 785 222	3 661 705	5 455 1 138	7 302 2 011	2 603 920	1 416 564	1 50 167
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	14 466	3	217	1 207	2 440	3 789	4 594	1 492	724	147
Other built-in electric units	824	-	36	27	124	151	283	107	96	163 120
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	262	_4	2	66	75	45	61	7	2	120
Other meons	1 507	34	101	263	317	332	353	77	30 448	128 156
Air conditioning	4 636 489	2	37	289 31	659 53	1 145 87	1 492 110	5 64 80	128	183
1 or more individual room units	4 147	$\bar{2}$	37	258	606	1 058	1 382	484	320	183 154
House heating fuel	22 712	43	447	1 785	3 661	5 455	7 302	2 603	1 416	150
Utility gos	12 328	-	180	1 075	2 154	3 388	3 776	1 124	631	145 147
8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	271 898	5	2 37	23 29	46 138	69 168	58 306	38 109	30 111	163
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	8 088	7	174	468	1 004	1 588	2 928	1 288	631	164
Other	1 127	31	54	190	319	242	234	44	13	123

Table A=7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[DOID OF ESTINA		vner-occupied h		meeting or 3	ymbors, see ii	Todoction. To	Rer	nter-occupied h		1	
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 te 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier
Occupied housing units	73 687	5 691	6 266	12 892	18 325	30 513	32 659	1 828	1 977	4 011	7 116	17 727
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	55 238 1 244 10 295 11 882 22 979 8 838 5 798 226 994 1 880 1 851 12 651 122 829 1 262 4 208 6 230 51,4	4 792 323 2 011 1 335 956 167 401 29 164 88 107 13 498 8 121 106 162 101 36.0	5 023 170 1 397 1 513 1 497 446 437 23 107 107 153 47 806 21 151 149 300 185 41.7	10 483 292 1 514 2 893 4 835 949 788 1131 281 192 1 621 16 143 313 640 509 47.4	14 232 207 2 239 2 497 6 976 2 313 1 280 455 229 216 378 412 2 813 2 21 202 283 1 114 1 193 53.7	20 708 3 134 3 644 4 963 2 892 88 351 3005 961 1 187 6 913 56 6 913 2 122 4 111 4 111 4 121 2 424 2 57.4	11 804 1 967 4 310 1 656 2 283 1 588 7 724 2 105 2 435 848 1 528 808 13 131 2 251 2 954 1 382 2 604 3 950 35.7	658 91 230 98 109 130 423 122 155 73 49 24 747 711 118 90 104 364 38.6	766 120 360 121 83 82 497 148 185 86 41 37 714 87 197 104 65 261	1 643 277 600 265 287 214 1 046 290 372 131 154 99 1 322 231 288 144 255 404 34.5	2 555 577 936 363 444 235 1 702 1 705 1 702 2 859 274 493 497 30.4	6 182 902 2 184 809 1 360 927 4 056 964 1 079 487 970 556 7 489 770 1 126 1 482 770 1 687 2 424
1979 to March 1980	5 901 15 196 12 404 16 811 23 375	1 596 4 095 — —	658 1 637 3 971 - -	1 014 2 421 2 204 7 253	1 084 2 969 2 351 3 700 8 221	1 549 4 074 3 878 5 858 15 154	13 797 9 960 3 661 2 942 2 299	1 359 469 — —	984 593 400 - -	1 729 1 367 503 412	3 307 2 231 647 613 318	6 418 5 300 2 111 1 917 1 981
ROOMS 1 room	55 159 991 6 590 14 616 19 957 31 319 6.2	8 16 112 697 1 471 1 134 2 253 6.0	5 42 102 1 039 1 755 1 126 2 197 5.7	6 25 241 1 490 2 568 2 820 5 742 6.3	14 30 226 1 705 4 483 6 019 5 848 5.9	22 46 310 1 659 4 339 8 858 15 279 6.5	921 1 645 6 646 8 977 7 654 3 908 2 908 4.3	20 89 626 586 367 73 67 3.8	38 218 372 654 450 135 110 4.1	144 240 731 1 478 917 294 207 4.1	201 206 1 522 2 256 1 562 849 520 4.2	518 892 3 395 4 003 4 358 2 557 2 004 4.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1,00 1.01 to 1,50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1,00 1.01 to 1,50 1.51 or more	72 915 48 239 23 595 935 146 772 478 248 35	5 622 3 021 2 501 81 19 69 35 23 7	6 231 3 409 2 636 174 12 35 13 10 7	12 823 7 751 4 871 187 14 69 26 41 2	18 242 11 907 6 070 221 44 83 44 33 6	29 997 22 151 7 517 272 57 516 360 141 13 2	31 502 21 028 9 693 677 104 1 157 460 639 45	1 804 1 272 482 42 8 24 14 2 3 5	1 952 1 154 733 47 18 25 20 3 -	3 918 2 392 1 420 89 17 93 28 65	6 919 4 405 2 352 136 26 197 75 103 19	16 909 11 805 4 706 363 35 818 323 466 23 6
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	10 744 23 139 13 970 13 741 7 438 4 655 2.71 223 420	476 1 332 1 319 1 608 627 329 3.29	605 1 693 1 199 1 513 761 495 3.20	1 317 3 495 2 608 2 821 1 643 1 008 3.13 42 475	2 376 6 505 3 535 3 272 1 702 935 2.58 53 932	5 970 10 114 5 309 4 527 2 705 1 888 2.42 87 291	12 988 9 704 4 534 3 051 1 370 1 012 1.84 70 119	826 571 218 112 63 38 1.65	749 506 326 236 98 62 1.97 4 518	1 522 1 187 537 477 194 94 1.91 8 687	2 659 2 099 1 135 582 375 266 1.93	7 232 5 341 2 318 1 644 640 552 1.81 37 684
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottached 2	61 521 5 081 971 259 129 5	4 342 83 27 6 15 1 218	4 002 45 8 - 9 - 2 202	10 686 259 48 5 16 -	17 341 480 136 32 13	25 150 4 214 752 216 76 5	6 320 8 999 6 305 4 500 4 135 1 287 1 113	218 209 138 177 579 409 98	293 220 181 293 343 303 344	665 438 532 564 990 329 493	1 851 2 013 1 331 802 875 122 122	3 293 6 119 4 123 2 664 1 348 124 56
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	73 684 16 577 43 765 5 432 677 7 233 15 709 2 026 13 683 73 684 1 041 1 041 1 918 27 863 5 525 4 235 5.7	5 691 327 1 748 2 583 30 1 003 920 189 731 5 691 128 133 2 768 1 848 814 269 4.7	6 266 812 3 226 1 286 58 884 1 229 275 954 6 266 1 049 228 1 397 3 031 561 384 6.1	12 889 3 875 7 140 712 52 1 110 2 875 641 2 234 12 889 5 915 180 785 5 314 695 594 4.6	18 325 3 246 13 561 339 131 1 048 4 803 608 4 195 18 325 10 903 171 370 6 132 749 752 4.1	30 513 8 317 18 090 512 406 3 188 5 882 313 5 569 30 513 15 342 329 11 538 2 706 2 236 7.3	32 643 10 704 14 510 2 797 446 4 186 6 518 1 354 5 164 32 643 19 502 624 3 477 7 833 1 207 6 654 20.4	1 828 156 446 1 120 17 89 743 208 535 1 828 177 33 3 363 223 221 15.9	1 977 418 955 440 18 146 660 251 409 1 977 785 43 567 529 53 360 18.2	4 011 1 178 1 920 500 64 349 1 771 648 1 123 4 011 2 166 110 630 1 022 83 564	7 111 2 448 3 313 270 107 973 1 172 160 1 012 7 111 4 449 130 345 1 947 240 1 554 21.8	17 716 6 504 7 876 467 240 2 629 2 172 87 2 085 17 716 11 925 308 572 4 112 799 3 885 21.9
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or more Median Median	5 349 10 065 5 811 5 458 11 874 10 810 14 177 7 447 2 696 \$19 254 \$21 490	241 442 475 415 1 146 1 035 1 145 581 211 \$20 540 \$22 692	371 788 589 480 1 032 900 1 098 703 305 \$19 324 \$22 190	666 1 383 756 733 1 647 1 708 2 952 2 189 858 \$23 636 \$25 878	1 006 2 047 1 302 1 330 2 943 2 943 4 132 1 912 710 \$20 816 \$22 824	3 065 5 405 2 689 2 500 5 106 4 224 4 850 2 062 612 \$16 550 \$18 466	6 957 8 920 4 105 2 844 4 476 2 699 1 921 535 202 \$10 276 \$12 228	425 417 188 104 259 201 177 44 13 \$10 957 \$13 569	359 465 274 182 291 150 186 26 44 \$11 501 \$14 550	558 911 532 356 678 527 328 72 49 \$12 532 \$14 429	1 382 2 028 857 681 1 038 543 429 134 24 \$10 432 \$12 177	4 233 5 099 2 254 1 521 2 210 1 278 801 259 72 \$9 525 \$11 354

Table A=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(wner-occupied h	ousing units			•	Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detached or ottached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or attached	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	73 687	61 521	6 445	5 721	32 659 22	6 320	8 999	6 305	4 500	4 135	1 287 17	1 113
Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	55 238 1 244 10 295 11 882 22 979	47 497 664 8 508 10 708 20 409	3 892 70 659 520 1 609	3 849 510 1 128 654 961	11 804 1 967 4 310 1 656 2 283	3 437 417 1 077 677 846	3 693 552 1 506 471 673	1 846 400 637 216 352	1 113 221 418 138 162	1 002 213 455 72 116	200 - 37 12 54	513 164 180 70 80
45 to 64 yeors	8 838 5 798 226 994 847 1 880	7 208 4 415 139 693 625 1 465	1 034 734 17 150 119 204	596 649 70 151 103 211	1 588 7 724 2 105 2 435 848 1 528	420 1 085 234 290 133 268	491 1 599 530 543 170 201	241 1 661 436 566 204 303	174 1 283 346 378 125 327	146 1 576 458 546 150 297	97 254 29 43 16 98	19 266 72 69 50
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 851 12 651 122 829 1 262 4 208 6 230	1 493 9 609 51 551 1 014 3 279 4 714	244 1 819 29 70 91 543 1 086	114 1 223 42 208 157 386 430	808 13 131 2 251 2 944 1 382 2 604 3 950	160 1 798 259 351 258 357 573	155 3 707 586 971 423 749 978	152 2 798 562 660 281 568 727	107 2 104 463 509 184 369 579	125 1 557 302 319 171 365 400	68 833 36 31 13 131 622	34 41 334 43 103 52 65 71
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1970 to 1974	5 901 15 196 12 404 16 811	51.1 4 505 11 989 10 024 14 927	59.5 418 991 818 1 027	978 2 216 1 562 857	35.7 13 797 9 960 3 661 2 942	39.6 2 198 1 880 661 715	34.2 3 692 2 740 920 916	34.0 2 724 1 982 691 536	34.2 1 986 1 402 560 329	2 097 1 227 415 297	70.7 555 380 274 78	32.4 545 349 140 71
1959 or eorlier	23 375 55 159 991	20 076 41 85 440	3 191 2 21 196	108 12 53 355	2 299 921 1 645 6 646	866 41 71 467	731 33 179 991	372 104 308 1 883	223 138 452 1 319	99 389 419 1 290	208 193 575	8 8 23 121
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or mare rooms Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6 590 14 616 19 957 31 319 6.2	3 418 10 459 17 531 29 547 6.4	932 1 891 1 834 1 569 5.6	2 240 2 266 592 203 4.6	8 977 7 654 3 908 2 908 4.3	1 127 1 344 1 202 2 068 5.6	2 457 3 220 1 574 545 4.8	1 869 1 437 532 172 4.0	1 363 800 359 69 3.8	1 392 456 157 32 3.5	203 64 31 13 2.9	566 333 53 9 4.2
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	72 915 48 239 23 595 935 146 772 478 248 35	61 103 40 743 19 573 675 112 418 288 104 20	6 151 4 534 1 536 66 15 294 171 110	5 661 2 962 2 486 194 19 60 19 34 2	31 502 21 028 9 693 677 104 1 157 460 639 45	6 212 3 931 2 075 188 18 108 63 26 17	8 799 5 970 2 672 144 13 200 108 79 8	6 089 4 226 1 710 136 17 216 101 109	4 300 2 957 1 276 53 14 200 106 87	3 837 2 552 1 140 117 28 298 48 239 5	1 158 852 300 6 129 32 97	1 107 540 520 39 8 6 2 2
BEDRODMS None	69 2 250 15 720 36 889 14 864 3 895	46 1 208 10 119 32 532 13 973 3 643	4 671 2 421 2 432 699 218	19 371 3 180 1 925 192 34	1 171 10 334 13 131 6 088 1 488 447	41 802 2 055 2 032 1 032 358	71 2 042 4 402 2 234 203 47	150 2 744 2 508 781 101 21	208 2 025 1 715 455 82 15	459 1 797 1 558 276 40 5	234 789 219 34 11	8 135 674 276 19
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean	5 349 10 065 5 811 5 458 11 874 10 810 14 177 7 447 2 696 \$19 254 \$21 490	4 070 7 551 4 314 4 181 9 748 9 415 12 708 6 978 2 556 \$20 437 \$22 550	593 1 241 658 618 1 035 757 1 079 337 127 \$15 528 \$17 960	686 1 273 839 659 1 091 638 390 132 13 \$12 737 \$14 061	6 957 8 920 4 105 2 844 4 476 2 699 1 921 535 202 \$10 276 \$12 228	914 1 658 794 546 1 005 722 532 88 61 \$11 851 \$13 956	1 521 2 451 1 243 785 1 467 773 535 189 35 \$11 061 \$12 718	1 591 1 710 801 533 777 436 330 89 38 \$9 574 \$11 509	1 011 1 402 486 490 554 251 233 63 10 \$9 310 \$11 260	1 048 1 026 527 304 497 424 225 76 8 \$9 964 \$11 727	589 349 69 59 56 42 48 30 45 \$5 552 \$10 770	283 324 185 127 120 51 18 - 5 \$9 196 \$10 000
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	73 684 16 577 43 765 5 432 677 7 233 15 709 2 026 69 431 26 579	61 520 14 396 35 915 5 060 540 5 609 13 142 1 761 58 370 20 734	6 445 2 000 3 616 236 67 526 1 584 107 5 704 3 007	5 719 181 4 234 136 70 1 098 983 158 5 357 2 838	32 643 10 704 14 510 2 797 446 4 186 6 518 1 354 24 654 17 216	6 319 1 320 3 285 400 113 1 201 932 115 5 564 3 224	8 996 2 210 5 047 468 124 1 147 1 373 69 7 180 5 072	6 300 2 498 2 503 318 71 910 984 185 4 408 3 188	4 493 2 088 1 425 424 47 509 900 200 3 109 2 413	4 135 2 106 1 055 779 26 169 1 674 517 2 847 2 226	1 287 466 412 369 29 11 548 264 592 503	1 113 16 783 39 36 239 107 4 954 590
2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Water heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Other	42 852 73 684 33 337 1 041 5 918 27 863 5 525 73 474 33 968 7 069 21 290 10 274	37 636 61 520 28 841 677 5 461 21 752 4 789 61 355 29 221 5 478 16 533 9 318	2 697 6 445 4 362 37 241 1 537 268 6 436 4 669 339 733 643	2 519 5 719 134 327 216 4 574 468 5 683 7 8 1 252 4 024 313	7 438 32 643 19 502 624 3 477 7 833 1 207 32 561 20 449 2 078 6 911 2 859	2 340 6 319 2 403 119 461 719 6 264 2 555 901 2 057 662	2 108 8 996 6 425 174 564 1 631 202 8 987 6 654 447 1 116 717	1 220 6 300 4 479 101 448 1 159 113 6 284 4 713 244 777 489	696 4 493 3 245 90 514 594 50 4 500 3 387 165 661 263	621 4 135 2 330 51 954 783 17 4 126 2 512 105 1 008 491	89 1 287 593 465 198 31 1 287 601 21 454 186	364 1 113 27 89 71 851 75 1 113 27 195 838 51
Other Family householder With awn children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	873 61 979 31 113 10 828 4 987 2 067 257 11 708 4 235 5.7	805 52 867 26 923 8 790 3 980 1 655 148 8 654 3 211 5.2	52 4 692 1 706 658 594 125 16 1 753 433 6.7	16 4 420 2 484 1 380 413 287 93 1 301 591	264 16 679 9 312 5 386 4 125 3 029 1 289 15 980 6 654 20.4	89 4 380 2 567 1 343 757 493 168 1 940 1 089 17.2	53 5 231 2 910 1 688 1 379 1 033 384 3 768 1 636 18.2	61 2 712 1 487 895 704 572 261 3 593 1 395 22.1	24 1 828 1 027 573 615 451 203 2 672 938 20.8	10 1 531 774 492 438 321 165 2 604 936 22.6	25 265 56 19 65 29 19 1 022 380 29.5	2 732 491 376 167 130 89 381 280 25.2

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Dara are estimo	105 00500 017 0 0	Jampie, Jee min	oduction. For the	anning at symbolic		i. Tor definition		appendixes // a	,	
The SMSA	Tatal	l person	2 persans	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	73 687 2 144	10 744	23 139 748	13 970 441	13 741 317	7 438 265	3 094 143	1 078 129	483 101	2.71 3.23	223 420 7 953
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms	1 205 6 590	572 1 992	448 2 980	114 938	34 449	29 164	8 42	_ 25	_	1.57 1.94	2 207 14 172
5 roams 6 roams 7 rooms	14 616 19 957 14 255	2 500 2 788 1 511	5 550 6 495 4 030	2 904 4 135 2 697	2 185 3 969 3 179	1 052 1 799 1 747	311 535 762	87 156 260	27 80 69	2.37 2.67 3.09	39 650 58 443 46 260
8 or more rooms Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	17 064 6.2	1 381 5.6	3 636 5.9	3 182 6.2	3 925 6.6	2 647 6.9	1 436 7.4	550 7.6	307 8.1	3.58	62 688
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	72 915 71 834 935	10 528 10 528 —	22 907 22 880	13 838 13 826 4	13 651 13 624 17	7 389 7 202 158	3 058 2 703 347	1 076 808 243	468 263 166	2.72 2.68 6.33	221 188 214 328 6 037
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	146 772 726 35	216 216	27 232 225	8 1 32 127 3	10 90 83 5	29 49 43 6	8 36 30 6	25 2 2 -	39 15 - 15	5.47 2.23 2.15 6.08	823 2 232 1 876 325
1.51 or moreUNITS IN STRUCTURE	61 521	- 8 040	7 18 958	11 804	12 049	6 558	2 727	- 964	-	2.29	189 564
1, detached or ottached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	6 445 5 721	1 576 1 128	2 336 1 845	1 038 1 128	793 899	426 454	171 196	66 48	421 39 23	2.20 2.44	17 691 16 165
VALUE Specified owner-occupied hausing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	51 820 832 3 934	6 678 240 996	15 767 299 1 257	10 116 113 690	10 322 64 448	5 529 50 331	2 263 39 115	781 17 77	364 10 20	2.84 2.09 2.27	159 181 2 166 9 953
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	8 585 12 476 11 105	1 573 1 621 1 234	2 786 3 952 3 475	1 410 2 614 2 226	1 404 2 382 2 366	809 1 285 1 105	387 420 489	151 116 142	65 86 68	2.48 2.75 2.88	24 962 37 517 35 337
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	6 411 5 763 1 724	573 346 60	1 872 1 500 418	1 276 1 223 335	1 494 1 449 417	756 774 280	255 356 151	125 85 57	60 30 6	3.10 3.35 3.62	20 237 19 129 6 179
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more Median	797 193 \$40 100	22 13 \$32 800	173 35 \$38 900	185 44 \$41 000	244 54 \$43 200	106 33 \$42 500	44 7 \$43 900	11 - \$41 900	12 7 \$40 100	3.58 3.58	2 947 754
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income	73 687 \$19 254	10 744 \$7 064	23 139 \$16 552	13 970 \$21 894	13 741 \$23 654	7 438 \$24 527	3 094 \$26 675	1 078 \$27 056	483 \$26 349	2.71	223 420
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	15.7 17.8 12.5	25.2 26.4 24.8	14.5 18.0 12.6	14.3 18.2 10—	15.8 17.6 10	15.1 16.8 10—	14.4 15.4 10—	14.3 15.7 10—	13.9 15.3 10—		
Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	4 235 \$3 492	1 659 \$2 831	928 \$3 173	494 \$3 554	470 \$5 439	348 \$5 772	1 71 \$7 097	93 \$7 684	\$10 833	1.99	
household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	50+ 50+ 48.1	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 46.1	50+ 50+ 38.4	50+ 50+ 32.3	50+ 50+ 27.8	50 + 50 + 26.9	34.2 45.0 20.6	32.5 34.2 23.8	•••	•••
Renter-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	32 659 3 652	12 988 -	9 704 2 260	4 534 781	3 051 370	1 370 153	633 40	267 30	112 18	1.84 2.31	70 119 9 561
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	921 1 645	893 1 405	21 174	7 52	_ 14	-	-	-	-	1.02	1 000 1 939
3 rooms	6 646 8 977 7 654	4 512 3 447 1 763	1 692 3 136 2 802	281 1 545 1 427	131 647 1 015	28 162 416	2 22 176	- 15 34 79	3 21	1.24 1.83 2.24	9 226 17 431 18 661
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	3 908 2 908 4.3	624 344 3.4	1 186 693 4 .4	719 503 4.8	680 564 5.2	383 381 5.7	200 233 6.1	139 6.6	37 51 6.4	2.70 3.33	11 547 10 315
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	31 502 30 721	12 224 12 224	9 497 9 483	4 471 4 418	2 973 2 846	1 336 1 165	624 430	265 139	112 16	1.87 1.83	68 171 64 059
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more————————————————————————————————————	677 104 1 157 1 099	764 764	14 207 200	46 7 63 57	119 8 78 60	143 28 34 15	192 2 9 3	111 15 2	66 30 -	5.66 5.32 1.26 1.22	3 491 621 1 948 1 675
1.01 to 1.50	45 13	704	7	6	12	19	6	2	-	4.74 2.43	234 39
1, detached or attached	6 320 8 999 6 305	1 465 2 947 2 910	1 866 3 037 1 884	1 075 1 391 792	889 1 029 472	510 409 145	318 113 64	150 44 24	47 29 14	2.41 2.01 1.63	17 500 20 302 12 134
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	4 500 4 135 1 287	2 190 2 200 986	1 282 1 094 242	566 411 40	262 237 7	93 140 6	84 26 -	23 13 -	14	1.55 1.44 1.15	8 342 7 388 1 642
Mobile home or trailer, etc GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	i 113 31 377	290 12 716	299 9 32 1	259 4 332	155 2 894	67 1 233	28 538	13 235	108	2.39	2 811 66 426
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 434 4 005 7 864	1 212 2 492 3 799	161 904 2 389	27 326 868	13 160 515	12 63 173	3 41 71	6 9 40	- 10 9	1.09 1.30 1.56	1 745 6 461 14 721
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	7 392 4 803 2 239	2 522 1 239 443	2 536 1 558 791	1 114 949 535	708 617 296	278 311 72	173 71 62	29 51 29	32 7 11	1.96 2.25 2.36	16 028 11 647 5 511
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 ar more No cash rent	905 610 194 1 931	130 85 50 744	261 139 39 543	153 130 14 216	192 124 49 220	96 87 31 110	34 16 4 63	33 23 7 8	6 6 77	2.90 3.12 3.07 1.91	2 877 1 951 659 4 826
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	\$209 32 659	\$180 12 988	\$216 9 704	\$238	\$246 3 051	\$255 1 370	\$230 633	\$273 267	\$240	1.84	70 119
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level	\$10 276 24.4 6 654	\$7 087 28.1 2 816	\$12 349 21.2 1 392	4 534 \$11 765 24.7 991	\$13 633 22.9 695	\$12 603 25.3 418	\$13 660 22.1 203	\$15 048 21.1 94	\$14 688 22.3 45	1.84	
Median income Median gross rent os percentage of household income _	\$3 610 50+	\$2 838 50+	\$3 552 50+	\$4 221 50+	\$5 677 50+	\$5 902 49.7	\$6 968 38.6	\$7 000 44.0	\$11 544 32.5		

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		- :	Married	d-couple families		3ac 'cingill		Male householder,	no wife	present	_	Ē	male househok	emale householder, no husband present	nd present		
	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 2 years	25 to 34 3: years	35 to 44 4 years	64 ars	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median age
	73 687	1 244	10 295	11 882	22 979	8 838	226	994	847	1 880	1 851	122	829	1 262	4 208	6 230	51.4
7	10 744 23 139 13 970 13 741 7 438 4 655 2.71 2.23 420	603 406 159 63 13 2.55 3 575	1 911 2 622 3 736 1 556 1 556 3 66 3 074	844 1 667 4 297 2 111 2 111 4:30 52 616	8 708 5 902 4 273 2 337 1 759 76 181	7 141 1 304 274 75 44 19 942	128 38 4 44 1.38 - 1.38	571 238 72 64 26 26 1.37 1.37	395 160 161 72 21 21 1.68	988 503 224 104 23 1.44 3 505	1 401 313 313 29 29 21 5 1.16 2 514	54 33 19 14 17.1 236	202 206 266 90 90 59 2.52 2.95	247 257 323 239 138 58 2.89 3 779	2 051 1 071 602 289 109 86 1.55 8 324	4 697 1 107 282 90 25 25 29 1.16 8 4%	67.3 60.9 49.6 40.8 41.2 43.6
	72 915 1 081 772 46	1 232 26 12 12	10 225 181 70 7	11 809 367 73	22 802 363 177 25	8 733 15 105 5	226	961 33 33	846 14 1	1 829 19 51 -	1 794	122	813 4 16	1 243 13 19	4 160 32 48 2	6 120 27 110 5	51.3 43.2 57.7 49.7
	55 1 820 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	8607 8507 8507 8507 8507 8507 8607 8607 8607 8607 8607 8607 8607 86	7 509 7 7 509 7 7 605 7 606 7 608 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	7 9 828 3 2 228 3 2 228 1 115 1 115 5 68 5 68 5 68 5 68 5 68 5 68 6 68 6 6	17 045 5 2135 5 2135 1 386 806 806 806 806 1 42 1 4 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1	5 897 1604	22	583 583 583 583 101 101 103 103 103 103 103 10	500 148 148 148 148 177 177 177 188 198 198 198 198 198 198 198	604 404 404 404 404 404 404 404 404 404	74 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	300 300 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 1	488 422 422 181 184 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	194	2 858 171 171 101 100 100 235 235 235 367 367 368 128 368 368 368 368 368 368 378 378 378 378 378 378 378 378 378 37	253 253 253 253 253 35 147 147 178 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 278 2	50.74 7.61 7.61 7.61 7.61 7.61 7.61 7.61 7.61
32	2 659	1 967	4 310	1 656	2 283	1 588	2 105	2 435	848	1 528	808	2 251	2 944	1 382	2 604	3 950	35.7
1 7	12 988 9 704 4 534 3 051 1 370 1 012 1 84	997 602 262 262 99 7 2.49 5 439	1 408 1 055 1 131 270 3.21 13 725	229 229 321 438 328 340 4.13 6 898	1 050 523 376 149 185 7 219	1 409 1 44 9 9 9 17 2.06 3 347	1 032 697 233 106 22 15 1.53 3 813	1 700 535 136 38 26 26 1.22 3 335	600 180 29 18 10 11 1.21	1 151 228 78 53 16 1.16 2 1.16	721 81 6 1.06 946	954 757 399 110 31 - 1.73 4 230	1 203 860 463 262 117 1.81 5 881	431 346 285 162 77 77 81 81 3 507	1 702 542 211 711 71 33 45 1 126	3 494 385 55 57 7 1.07 4 381	51.1 32.8 32.2 34.1 38.5
69	31 502 781 1 157 58	1 904 83 63 64	4 238 257 72 24	1 631 180 25 4	2 238 87 45 17	1 565 6 23 -	1 996 25 109 2	2 361 - 74 -	816 7 32 -	1 377 8 151	662 - -	2 171 23 80 -	2 884 38 60 5	1 343 34 39	2 513 35 91	3 803	35.5 33.7 50.1 29.4
**	31 377 5 876 5 117 4 038 2 974 2 204 3 896 2 355 24.4	1 864 357 411 291 204 139 167 213 82 22.1	4 107 1 188 1 188 613 391 194 303 220 220 220 271 18,9	1 497 2401 270 251 110 92 117 117 117	2 058 714 714 403 149 170 74 132 89 89 327 16.9	1 511 277 225 205 206 1 51 94 1 54 24.9	2 060 2 243 2433 323 322 221 221 221 233 333 352 262 262 262 2622	2 366 655 458 363 363 363 100 117 20.2	826 285 180 180 77 77 77 51	1 489 482 200 200 128 65 127 227 227 227	752 65 65 77 77 77 77 78 88 88 88 135 135 135	2 230 177 177 253 265 150 227 366 705 87	2 907 374 474 378 338 333 194 571 571 82 27.8	1 346 103 273 152 155 151 151 256 245 91 30.8	2 548 3379 331 278 294 216 377 502 171	3 816 264 260 414 358 298 1 070 1 070 36.7	35.4 34.7 33.0 33.0 32.4 34.8 36.4 51.8

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Date one estimates based on a sample, see Introduction, For meaning of symbols, see Introduction, For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 81

	[DOTO OF ESTITIO	res bosed on o	somple, see	Mole hous		see iiiir dabcii	Female householder							
The SMSA			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years	
	Total	Total	years	yeors	yeors	yeors	ond over	Total	years	years	yeors	years	and over	
Owner-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	10 744	3 493	128	571	395	998	1 401	7 251	54	202	247	2 051	4 697	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 528 216	3 388 105	128	543 28	395	965 33	1 357 44	7 140 111	54 	196 6	247 -	2 029 22	4 614 83	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or ottoched	8 040 1 576	2 677 440	82 12	384 117	289 53	786 90	1 136 168	5 363	11	132	176	1 495 302	3 549	
2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	1 128	376	34	70	53	122	97	1 136 752	20 23	25 45	32 39	254	757 391	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	3 546 3 575	718 1 013	16 54	40 96	16 63	140 189	506 611	2 828 2 562	8 23	10 52	23 36	535 788	2 252 1 663	
\$5,000 to \$9,999	960 651 965	336 272 482	10 24 11	82 89 119	23 34 93	136 58 197	85 67	624 379	10 5	32 27 61	20 25 62	260 145	302 177	
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	512 370	287 259	8	70 70	55 66	131 92	62 23 31	483 225 111	8	20	54 27	208 61 38	152 82 46	
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	104	79 47	5	5	20 25	43 12	11 5	25 14	-	-	_	8 8	17 6	
Median	\$7 064 \$9 661	\$10 115 \$13 077	\$9 595 \$11 676	\$14 396 \$15 343	\$17 750 \$22 069	\$13 966 \$15 597	\$6 118 \$7 952	\$6 252 \$8 015	\$7 065 \$9 668	\$13 148 \$12 920	\$16 523 \$16 000	\$8 150 \$9 292	\$5 211 \$6 808	
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	6 678	2 035	62	306	214	561	892	4 643	8	120	167	1 302	3 046	
With a mortgage	1 558 185	769 72	41	265 25	1 78 9	233 29	52 9	789 113	=	11 0 9	147 2	305	227	
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	315 300 257	145 155 130	9 13 4	44 44 50	33 33 46	42 56 30	17 9	170 145 127	-	27 19 22	21 5 47	56 52 77	46 70 44 23 22 13	
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	216 169	117 87	7 8	30 41	43 2	37 23	13	99 82	_	6 21	24 12	35 47 36	22 13	
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	70 43 3	22 41	=	25	7 5	9	4	48 2 3	=	6	36	2	6 - 3	
MedionNot mortgaged	\$296 5 120	\$305 1 266	\$294 21	\$319 41	\$315 36	\$291 328	\$250 840	\$288 3 854	- 8	\$300 10	\$348 20	\$279 997	\$248 2 819	
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	221 221	10 86 174	5 8	2 - 5	-	5 10	3 71	1 135 487	- 8	3	_	25 80	1 107	
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	661 1 198 1 201	264 255	î -	24	16 -	43 65 70	112 158 182	934 946	- -	2	2 6	242 260	399 688 680	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 296 373	358 81	6 1	7	2 12	90 36	253 32	938 292	-	5	12	289 69	637 218	
\$250 or more	159 \$135	38 \$135	\$92	\$114	\$119	\$140	29 \$135	121 \$135	\$88	\$162	\$158	32 \$140	\$133	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	25.2	21.0	20.6	22.2	17.3	16.9	23.9	27.8	10	28.0	26.1	24.3	29.1	
With a mortgage	26.4 24.8	22.0 20.1	23.6 16.6	23.3 12.3	17.7 13.3	21.2 13.3	38.8 23.0	31.7 26.8	10-	28.0 25.0	28.0 10.8	32.2 21.7	41.6 28.4	
Percent below poverty level	1 659 15.4	308 8.8	9 7.0	24 4.2	16 4.1	100 10.0	159 11.3	1 351 18.6	14.8	3.5	21 8.5	382 18.6	933 19.9	
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	12 988	5 204	1 032	1 700	600	1 151	721	7 784	954	1 203	431	1 702	3 494	
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 224 764	4 748 456	956 76	1 639 61	569 31	1 009 142	575 146	7 476 308	901 53	1 167 36	417 14	1 629 73	3 362 132	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attoched 2	1 465 2 947	593 1 004	76	128	80	162 160	147 135	872 1 943	56 232	126 329	49 146	185 421	456 815	
3 and 45 to 9	2 910 2 190	1 124	223 227 193	362 428 263	124 135 88	213 256	121	1 786 1 291	254 231	324 257	101 51	434 242	673 510	
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 200 986 290	1 208 231 145	265 19 29	450 39 30	131 16	250 89 21	112 68 39	992 755 145	146 24 11	142 11 14	60 5 19	269 112 39	375 603 62	
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979			_		26									
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	4 720 3 860 1 529	1 432 1 264 729	262 314 197	313 357 315	105 108 54	324 291 118	428 194 45	3 288 2 596 800	327 434 105	148 409 280	60 166 75	672 617 177	2 081 970 163	
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	852 1 027	388 635	96 121	171 317	25 65	83 118	13 14	464 392	61 21	163 143	48 58	88 86	104	
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	514 372 68	386 294 43	42 - -	150 77	96 105 36	77 112 7	21 - -	128 78 25	6 - -	47 13 -	14 2 8	33 22 7	84 28 41 10	
\$50,000 or more	46 \$7 087	33 \$9 602	\$9 051	\$11 429	6 \$15 769 \$16 794	21 \$9 328	\$4 580	13 \$6 040	\$6 518	\$10 397	\$9 761	\$6 702	13 \$4 527 \$6 137	
GROSS RENT	\$8 992	\$11 290	\$8 906	\$11 728		\$13 011	\$6 339	\$7 456	\$6 791	\$10 493	\$10 586	\$7 597		
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	12 716 1 212 2 492	5 077 358 1 038	1 023 40 163	1 673 49 213	592 19 113	1 121 115 351	668 135 198	7 639 854 1 45 4	947 51 190	1 185 37 177	419 13 51	1 685 176 295	3 403 577 741	
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 799 2 522	1 404 1 044	299 288 129	509 495	154 113	318 100	124 48	2 395 1 478	375 275	498 268 149	142 110	646 321	734 504	
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 239 443 130	578 244 77	54 27	215 122 9	96 28 8	116 40 18	22 - 15	661 199 53	47 7 	38 7	53 19	124 15 9	734 504 288 120 37 49 18	
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	85 50	28 26	5 -	4	22 10	- 6	1 6	53 57 24	-	=	5	3 6		
No cash rent	744 \$180	280 \$185	18 \$200	57 \$203	29 \$199	57 \$157	119 \$137	464 \$176	\$183	11 \$187	26 \$194	90 \$174	335 \$164	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	28.1	22.8	26.4	20.8	17.1	19.7	32.7	32.1	33.7	22.5	23.4	31.1	38.4	
Percent below poverty level	2 816 21.7	946 18.2	225 21.8	253 14.9	74 12.3	239 20.8	155 21.5	1 870 24.0	236 24.7	117 9.7	50 11.6	537 31.6	930 26.6	

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data at a commit		a oampie, occ	mm odocinam.	rar meaning or symbols, see introduction. For definitions of	icinia, acc app	CHAINCS IN GITA	ر ت	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vocant for sale only housing units	1 104	233	253	618	Vacant for rent housing units	2 428	992	801	635
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 raams	50 95 181 292 177 309 6.3	16 10 64 52 28 63 6.0	13 19 34 66 60 61 6.4	21 66 83 174 89 185 6.3	1 roam	161 107 561 730 462 288 119 4.0	83 30 274 303 203 70 29 3.9	36 48 162 260 132 127 36 4.1	42 29 125 167 127 91 54
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1 065	233	239	593	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	39	233	14	25	Camplete plumbing far exclusive use Lacking camplete plumbing for exclusive use	2 238 190	926 66	756 45	556 79
BEDROOMS Nane	7	7	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	75 159 525 276 62	9 35 98 76 8	21 34 125 60 13	45 90 302 140 41	Nane	171 787 957 415 72	83 382 386 127	239 329 145 29	44 166 242 143 36
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	26	7	15	4
1975 to Morch 1980	180 63 217 167 89 388	46 . 18 . 40 . 34 . 21 . 74	31 18 57 52 13 82	103 27 120 81 55 232	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	203 154 243 136 235 1 457	123 46 104 33 97 589	24 83 79 42 95 478	56 25 60 61 43 390
1, detached or attached 2 ar more	950 113	193 26	226 27	531 60	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile hame ar trailer	41	14	-	27	1, detached or attached	440 471	111 165	163 151	166 155
HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other means None	1 008 92 4	213 18 2	237 16 -	558 58 2	3 ond 4	520 278 500 75 144	225 135 290 29 37	189 77 142 18 61	106 66 68 28 46
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vecant for sale only housing units	847 57 44 176 146 112 81 113 82 36 \$40 000	188 - 5 21 75 20 4 34 11 18 \$39 000	208 20 8 36 28 29 40 36 3 8 \$42,700	451 37 31 119 43 63 37 43 68 10 \$38 900	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100	2 385 156 598 725 446 255 156 49 \$176	992 45 212 339 196 117 70 13 \$182	790 64 169 257 144 90 53 13 \$178	603 47 217 129 106 48 33 23 \$156

Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	—Specified	vacant far s	ale anly hou	sing units	Rent asked—Specified vocant far rent housing units							
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 ar more	Median (dallors)
Total	847	57	220	258	276	36	40 000	2 385	156	1 323	701	156	49	176
PLUMBING FACILITIES														:
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	831 16	51 6	210 10	258	276 -	36 -	40 600 11 700	2 211 174	127 29	1 192 131	701 —	156	35 14	180 112
BEDROOMS														
None	41 85 421 247 53	- 8 10 17 19 3	33 36 104 41 6	- 18 188 46 6	- 21 98 127 30	- - 14 14 8	15 600 26 800 38 900 57 900 82 800	171 783 938 408 63 22	17 73 43 19 4	111 534 477 166 20 15	19 164 306 173 32 7	105 50 1	24 12 7 - 6	126 164 191 205 275 155
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	130 58 182 135 88 254	16 11 30	8 - 32 41 21 118	13 7 65 54 41 78	99 39 75 20 15 28	10 12 10 4 -	67 700 63 000 48 400 31 600 34 000 26 600	189 154 243 131 229 1 439	6 4 - 8 25 113	47 55 89 89 97 946	81 65 114 28 86 327	48 30 29 - 21 28	7 11 6 - 25	258 233 247 177 191 167
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	847 	57 	220	258 	276 	36 	40 000	397 1 844 144	21 123 12	216 1 020 87	143 519 39	17 133 6	49	185 177 151

B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units:

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8] £30 000 \$10,000 \$20,000 \$40,000 \$50,000 \$60,000 \$80,000 \$100,000 \$150,000 **Binahamton** city \$10,000 \$19.999 \$29,999 \$99,999 \$39.999 \$49.999 \$59.999 \$79.999 \$149.999 (dollars) Total or more 2 338 1 343 36 600 Specified owner-occupied housing units 7 212 1 299 HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER 5 051 families _____ 1 701 38 000 900 700 000 48 45 37 98 35 **10** 489 195 **58** 377 63 22 to 44 years _____ 19 45 to 64 years ______ **37** 7 **79** 28 57 151 2] 22 34 27 13 12 300 000 900 000 to 44 years 227 500 200 500 700 500 800 15 to 24 years _______ 25 to 34 years ______ 7 9 ۸'n 40 39 44 years ______ **53.2** OVE dian pae YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 39 600 38 300 39 600 39 600 45 300 45 900 46 000 44 600 16 22 50 73 127 272 38 79 17 5 512 1 095 1959 or earlier _____ 1 to 3 rooms 31 000 24 200 29 100 32 800 37 100 100 4 reoms______ 459 186 127 60 37 85 765 879 22 317 409 34 800 6 rooms_____ 210 455 285 7.4 138 8.2 37 400 44 300 41 800 53 100 _____ 8 or more rooms 5.9 6.0 8.4 33 800 32 200 36 200 699 250 290 556 32 200 36 200 39 300 721 33 800 39 600 56 33 11 15 3 _____ 1 771 46 200 YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 67 500 68 500 48 700 43 300 38 000 33 900 533 1 111 64 152 105 500 61 000 48 700 42 100 89 147 51 48 700 42 100 36 300 15 23 57 460 -3 1939 ar earlier _____ HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979

11

\$7 162 \$10 077

\$19 912 \$22 344

\$10 463 \$14 314

29 23

150 91

\$15 625 \$17 588

185

448 396

\$18 030 \$18 546

1 095

\$21 584 \$22 905

136 79

\$29 394 \$31 632

\$50 000 \$48 211

84 82

\$23 776 \$25 257

Less than \$5,000_____ \$5,000 to \$9,999_____

INCOME IN 1979

\$50,000 or mare_____

MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD

800

84 200

400

39 300

39

-3 28

14 4 8

\$61 762 \$74 922

19 79

\$55 642 \$61 135

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimated	tes based on a	sample, see ir	troduction. Fo	or meaning of s	symbols, see li	ntroduction. F	or definitions o	t terms, see or	pendixes A on	d Bj	
Binghamton city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupled housing units	12 291	873	2 049	3 662	2 882	1 587	424	174	214	91	335	192
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER			200	205		700						
Married-couple families	3 591 497	67	339 33	985 195	925 152	702 93	212 5	72 6	74	42 8	173	214 205
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 390 466	20	115 43	364 79	410 121	292 112	73 62	22 18	29 5	7	58 15	216 240
45 to 64 years65 years and over	685 553	17 26	83 65	142 205 929	152 90	150 55	29 43 92	12 14	32 8	12 8	56 39	226 184
Male householder, no wife present	2 939 833	238 19	700 114	929 231	550 229	293 114	92 92	41 11	19 19	22 4	55 _	178 210
25 to 34 years	804 251	24	108 70	343 65	208 35	107 54	-	- 6	_	- 6	14 10	188 193
45 to 64 years65 years and over	662 389	85 105	261 147	206 84	54 24	13	_	16	_	6	21 10	146 133 185 206 196
Female householder, no husband present	5 761 1 043	568 44	1 010	1 748 301	1 407 372	592 85	120	61 21	121 55	27 3	107	185
15 to 24 yeors	1 159	35	181	402	294	204 102	34 35 23 13	8	-	-	, -	196 194
35 to 44 years	514 1 285	130	85 206	175 470	109 313	98	13	4	9	6	15 36 56	181
65 years and over Median aga	1 760 38.3	354 67.3	410 51.8	400 34.9	319 32.0	103 32.3	30.6	28 42.9	57 39.0	18 59.4	56.1	161
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT		10/				7/0						
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	4 535 3 776	196 291	570 677	1 270 1 175	1 249 836	762 517	221 100	98 25	101 69	40 12	28 74 52	207 189
1970 to 1974	1 714 1 374	186 132	298 350	543 411	336 265	166 97	54 31	10 41	30 14	39 -	52 33	180 174
1959 or earlier	892	68	154	263	196	45	18	-	-	-	148	180
ROOMS 1 room	544	287	203	46	8	_	_	_	_	_	_	97
2 rooms3 rooms	685 2 615	111 277	286 616	182 1 210	78 364	20 64	15	8 19	- 9	_	- 41	141 165
4 rooms5 rooms	3 040 3 091	131 54	493 290	1 031 771	866 1 004	306 719	97 103	37 16	40 8	12 27	27 99	195 217
6 rooms	1 587 729	13	116 45	340 82	467 95	363 115	93 116	33 61	94 63	16 36	52 116	230 283
Median	4.3	2.6	3.4	3.9	4.6	5.1	5.5	5.7	6.0	5.9	5.5	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	12 291	873	2 049	3 662	2 882	1 587	424	174	214	91	335	192
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	11 734	662	1 834	3 619	2 835	1 562	413	174 109	214	91 77	330	194
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	8 066 3 387	517 145	1 368 416	2 557 982	1 906 863	891 632 32	263 136	61	117 76	14	261 62 7	190 205 204 198 108
1.01 to 1.50	247 34		45 5	66 14	58 .8	7	14	4 -	21 -	_	- 1	198
Lecking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	557 142	211 12	215 52	43 25	47 34	25 14	11	_	_	_	5 5	156
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	397 12	199	158 5	11 7	13	5	11	_	_	_	_	156 100 181
1.51 or more	3 001	- 391	- 576	- 796	-	303	102	43	74	- 13	- 46	263
Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 819	310	522	763	657 651	295	102	43	74	13	46	183 186 185 103
1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	146 182	81	40 54	42 3 <u>3</u>	38 6	8	Ξ	_	12	_	-	103
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS	'	-	-	/	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	185
None	670	305	263	. 84	18		_	-	,~	-	, -	104
2	4 214 4 755	399 148	1 048 505	1 755 1 434	681 1 474	167 781	22 170	51 35	19 61	8 37	64 110	167 207
3 4	2 138 423	17	196 22	323 66	636 65	566 63	190 42	48 36	36 69	14 29	112 27	235 281
5 or more	91	-	15	-	8	10	-	4	29	3	22	369
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	682	5	42	91	131	89	74	36	42	21	151	249
23 and 4	4 018 2 690	49 76	446 520 401	1 203 943	1 096 676	765 343 193	183 55	56 17	71 22	14	135 38	210 188
5 to 9 10 to 49	2 077 1 946	109 278	429	683 648	599 358	193 182 15	55 65 39	21	6 8	-	4	187 170
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	873 5	351 5	211	94	22	15	8 -	44	65 -	56 -	7	114
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT												
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	252 555	111	54 78	20 71	32 123	7 119	12 17	_	9 -	30	7	106 206
1960 to 1969	827 1 004	122 37	97 186	145 286	149 233	165 160	32 35 92	50 15	28 44	33 3	6 5	213 199
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 486 8 167	92 394	187 1 447	441 2 699	398 1 947	203 933	92 236	14 95	27 106	_ 25	32 285	201 188
STORIES IN STRUCTURE												
1 to 3 4 or more	10 927 1 364	498 375	1 800 249	3 388 274	2 701 181	1 501 86	397 27	130 44	149 65	35 56	328 7	194 161
With elevotor GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	701	309	112	71	21	8	8	44	65	56	7	112
INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent	2 256 1 971	197 79	468 343	726 745	481 426	236 273	71 67	15 20	24 18	38 -		184 188
25 to 29 percent	1 523 1 216	167 139	199 215	466 341	348 254	249 160	46 64	20 27 12	21 18	13		195 187
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent	832 1 788	90 100	129 382	205 462	257 483	100 249	13 45	17 29	13 19	8 19	:::	196 195
50 percent or more Not computed	2 164 541	40 61	285	665	606	316 4	94 24	44 10	101	13	335	206 174
Medion	25.5	23.9	25.0	23.6	28.4	26.0	26.3	32.4	39.1	27.9		•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	12 284	873	2 042	3 662	2 882	1 587	424	174	214	91	335	192
Central heating system	10 967 2 023	844 64	1 705 235	3 282 503	2 532 492	1 467 313	366 100	167 70	214 91	91 70	299 85	192 216
Central system	290	6	50	33	28	19	21	21	49	57	6	314

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	-				Н	ousehold inco	me in 1979						
Binghamton city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	10 373	815	1 691	852	844	1 531	1 535	1 796	784	525	18 362	20 982	634
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	6 847 82 889 1 010 3 063 3 839 21 161 114 292 251 2 687 23 63 171 867 1 563 58.9	150	621 6 32 53 126 404 187 5 5 3 1 1 3 3 44 9 4 8 8 3 3 9 3 4 6 8 5 8 6 8 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	477 6 58 32 149 232 103 7 34 11 32 272 8 7 13 112 1132 63.1	534 - 103 68 180 183 59 4 12 7 7 25 11 251 1 1 1 251 1 25 1 28 6 6 6 6 8	1 148 37 222 149 442 318 110 - - 35 26 40 9 9 253 - - 12 24 90 127 56.0	1 221 21 215 228 547 210 114 20 25 55 14 200 - 4 31 71 94 53.4	1 521 12 170 274 879 186 129 9 50 31 146 7 - 23 35 71 52.4	664 	491 -5 72 312 102 12 - - 7 5 22 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	21 853 18 462 20 390 23 900 25 623 14 843 14 555 11 964 14 688 19 231 19 821 12 847 15 391 12 847 15 391 12 847 15 391 11 828 12 767 11 828 11 828 12 767 11 828 11 828 12 767 13 828 14 828 16 767 17 828 18 828 18 767 18 828 18	24 965 18 413 21 306 26 900 29 031 17 233 16 640 17 233 16 640 17 2687 12 687 12 687 12 687 12 687 12 687 12 687 12 687 13 16 17 268 11 316 17 268 11 408 11 408	210 30 68 36 76 18 8 5 406 3 13 24 145 221 64.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or eorlier	570 1 304 1 387 2 120 4 992	30 30 79 102 574	52 89 121 252 1 177	66 79 122 86 499	84 128 102 111 419	104 261 250 272 644	64 320 212 301 638	100 244 311 597 544	35 104 105 223 317	35 49 85 176 180	18 322 20 923 20 313 24 000 13 968	21 754 22 905 22 841 25 565 17 928	29 36 119 101 349
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bortied, tonk, or IP gos Betried, tonk, or IP gos Betried, tonk, or IP gos Selectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Other Median rooms Specified awner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	10 288 115 85 -10 373 9 956 3 348 399 9 254 4 844 4 410 10 373 9 504 16 93 682 78 63	806 - 9 - 815 762 114 15 408 346 62 815 755 6 111 36 7 7,7	1 679 6 12 - 1 691 1 619 390 50 1 248 1 192 2 1 691 1 512 - 2 156 11 15,9	847 	819 19 25 	1 515 20 16 1 531 1 448 524 37 1 475 778 677 7 1 531 1 400 120 120 100	1 535 21 1 535 1 479 544 43 1 506 652 854 1 535 1 425 1 77 76 12 6.3	1 782 25 14 - 1 796 1 760 721 86 1 794 630 1 164 1 796 1 671 - 14 91 20 6.6	780 188 4 7- 784 753 332 37 777 177 605 784 730 - 4 44 6 7.2	525 6 525 512 273 88 525 100 425 525 466 - 10 49 - 7.5	18 416 23 672 14 150 18 362 21 70 25 587 19 924 14 673 24 938 18 362 18 497 13 500 14 464 16 741 19 500 19 912	21 029 26 153 15 328 20 982 21 097 24 934 32 992 22 621 17 130 28 686 20 982 21 077 12 009 21 313 19 931 20 008 	625 7 9
OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$574 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	3 227 135 513 707 646 395 471 160 148 52 \$320 3 985 52 420 867 941 1 082 341 282 282 \$142	78 5 5 14 24 14 16 - - \$3331 456 14 102 147 88 73 26 6 5119	208	98 10 13 18 27 12 12 12 12 5 5 74 13 15 17 18 13 15 \$137	210 12 31 49 42 28 17 20 11 - \$315 281 - 5 15 84 80 69 28 - \$136	534 16 117 129 100 77 88 87 - - \$302 466 - - - 39 102 144 142 32 7 \$141	53 118 161 142 47 108 12 \$296 537 - 6 6 60 112 125 125 138 443	859 19 155 221 141 136 104 52 25 6 \$312 485 - - - 17 168 83 117 168 83 117 168 35 15 161	345 13 18 49 90 40 58 37 32 8 \$353 286 — — — 19 16 40 87 63 61 \$189	254 7 5 23 18 25 49 26 63 38 \$500 180 - - 4 4 46 40 90 \$250	23 742 21 822 21 797 22 439 22 798 24 688 23 203 31 461 32 302 75000+	26 511 26 302 22 134 23 490 23 546 26 215 27 860 32 598 45 195 66 277 18 970 12 048 13 558 15 759 19 652 31 138 41 243	130 5 16 22 38 26 23 - - - \$329 303 - 9 40 97 86 62 92 97
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or 30 to 34 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Not computed Medion	3 227 1 296 754 404 269 151 338 3 985 1 585 1 585 2 533 321 152 370 200 12.3	78	208 6 28 174 - 50+ 881 8 115 225 216 113 103 71 - 21.4	98 - 10 7 7 17 24 40 - 33.1 413 44 175 142 7 8 - 14.6	210 6 13 51 57 35 48 28.1 281 47 160 74 	534 58 166 145 110 48 7 21.5 466 197 243 26 - - - -	641 225 225 254 96 54 12 — 16.9 537 412 95 30	859 528 231 65 25 4 6 6 13.7 485 57 - - -	345 257 58 30 	254 222 22 10 - - 10.1 180 176 4 - - -	23 742 30 537 23 316 19 967 17 725 8 111 2500	26 511 36 623 25 360 22 507 17 760 14 301 8 690 18 978 16 077 10 991 16 988 6 468 5 468 5 3 641 	130 - - 15 100 15 50+ 303 6 - - 9 8 39 221 20 46.2

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		-			н	ousehold incor	me in 1979				-	•	
Binghamton city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
bingilamon city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	to \$12,499	to \$14,999	to \$19,999	to \$24,999	to \$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	poverty
Poster assurted baseline units	12 357	3 202	3 734	1 470	961	1 430	787	476	233	64	8 844	11 057	3 023
Renter-occupied housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	12 337	3 202	3 /34	1 470	701	1 430	707	470	233	04	0 044	11 037	3 023
Married-couple families	3 611	202	832	518	379	763	478	249	158	32	14 172	16 039	387
15 to 24 years	497 1 397	39 74	120 238	80 274	77 123	118 365	52 202	11 90	31	_	12 808 14 787	12 522 15 241	81 171
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	466 693	30 32	83 90	62 57	39 54	139 116	76 112	26 118	11 90	24	15 625 19 880	15 320 23 610	66 42
65 years and over	558 2 955	27 8 64	301 806	45 364	86 284	25 295	36 197	102	26 17	8 26	9 199 8 713	12 367 10 662	27 740
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	839 804	260 137	280 149	92 165	79 78	55 151	54 74	10 38	9 6	-	8 06 9 11 758	9 125 12 539	321 127
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	251 662	48 185	48 231	37 42	37 71	25 58	25 36	29 25	2	14	11 993 7 809	13 355 11 625	43 181
65 yeors and over Female householder, no husband present	399 5 791	234 2 13 6	98 2 096	28 588	19 298	3 72	8 11 2	125	58	6 6	4 622 6 493	6 822 8 152	68 1 896
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 043 1 159	387 261	409 435	98 189	46 84	52 117	32 25	14 48	5	_	6 308 8 522	7 400 9 761	529 367
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	514 1 302	89 466	239 438	51 200	43 58	74 65	12 22	6 22	31	_	8 784 7 011	9 604 8 454	155 414
65 yeors and over Medion age	1 773 38.4	933 56.4	575 41.0	50 31.9	67 34.7	64 31.9	21 32.9	35 40.3	22 51.9	61.8	4 850	6 901	431 32.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980	4 553	1 301	1 396	524	309	513	272	184	48	6	8 191	10 060	1 516
1975 to 1978	3 791 1 714	834 445	1 031 507	534 184	317 178	585 198	270 88	149 54	45 33	26 27	10 143 8 702	11 983 11 481	796 347
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 384 915	348 274	477 323	158 70	122 35	80 54	90 67	55 34	54 53	5	8 495 7 764	11 104 11 317	213 151
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	11 800 8 119	2 940 2 317	3 583 2 468	1 419 897	922 613	1 402 845	774 528	463 295	233 104	64 52	9 007 8 330	11 231 10 633	2 841 1 691
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 400 247	566 49	1 050 65	469 45	290 12	522 30	230 16	158 10	103 20	12	10 448 10 528	12 494 13 030	i 004 130
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	34 557	8 262	151	8 51	7 39	5 28	13	13	6	_	12 857 5 509	14 531 7 387	16 182
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	142 397	66 196	26 113	20 31	15 24	15 13	13	7	_	-	5 481 5 130	7 189 7 125	58 117
1.01 to 1.50	12		12	-	-		-	<u>-</u>	_	~	7 143 30 468	6 733 30 750	7
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment Central heating system	12 350 11 033	3 202 2 834	3 727 3 250	1 470 1 280	961 894	1 430 1 313	787 726	476 451	233 221	64 64	8 844 8 987	11 059 11 271	3 023 2 574
Air conditioning	2 037 290	300 49	477 78	240 26	197 29	365 29	165 15	175 16	65 16	53 32	12 519 11 731	15 916 20 477	228 45
Vehicles available	7 950 5 979	1 060 951	2 151 1 826	1 204 979	798 642	1 294 803	732 437	466 249	193 52	52 40	11 586 10 543	13 561 12 138	1 291 1 028
2 or more	1 971 12 350	109 3 202	325 3 727	225 1 470	156 961	491 1 430	295 787	217 476	141 233	12 64	16 384 8 844	17 879 11 059	263 3 023
Utility gasBottled, tank, or LP gas	10 088 180	2 530 54	3 028 61	1 211 19	823 11	1 180	665 11	410	191	50	9 040 8 611	11 239 9 322	2 376
Electricity	467 1 497	191 384	164 448	18 201	26 101	33 172	21 83	6 60	- 42	8 6	6 002 8 859	8 395 11 118	134 420
Other	118 4.3	43 3.5	26 4.2	21 4.4	4,4	21 4.8	7 5.0	4.8	5.8	5.2	7 105	8 060	52 4.0
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 291	3 187	3 722	1 454	961	1 430	780	468	225	64	8 831	11 034	3 001
CONTRACT RENT	72 271	3 107	3 /11	1 737	701	1 430	700	400	117	•	0 001	11 004	3 55.
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	1 389 3 048	756 904	402 1 047	74 347	54 221	55 290	38 124	5 81	34	5	4 750 7 794	6 498 9 409	483 756
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	4 445	988 317	1 350	715	409	562	264 168	100 166	51 38	6	9 484 10 839	10 534 12 743	1 061 395
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 965 675 153	85 35 27	594 152	213 67	166 75 8	303 129 25	64 28	61 13	34 23	8	13 617 16 645	16 717 17 065	142
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	104		21 13	12	7	18	24 21	8 17	6 18	- 7 8	12 500 20 119	18 008 21 304	56 34 19
\$500 or more No cash rent	126 51 335	6 69	38 - 105	3	6 6 9	6 42	49	17	21	30	56 884 9 572	58 796 13 726	9 46
Median	\$165	\$146	\$161	23 \$169	\$172	\$182	\$187	\$216	\$213	\$4 7 5	7 372	13 /20	\$161
GROSS RENT	070							_				4 700	201
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	873 2 049	605 799	208 741	23 167	19 110	13 113	52	5 57	5	5	4 115 6 395	4 708 8 112	391 576
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 662 2 882	865 546	1 116 929	612 393	371 282	415 344	187 225	65 107	25 56	6	9 197 9 800	10 062 11 386	796 657
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 587 424	192 49	403 109	199 10	91 50	378 78	138 48	136 46	42 34	8 _ _	12 494 14 700	14 670 16 301	303 102
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	174 214	20 36	42 65	21 3	17 6	12 29	43 23	4 18	15 27	7	13 088 13 750	15 295 17 095	43 74 13
\$500 or more No cash rent	91 335	69	105	3 23	6	6 42	15 49	13 17	21	38	26 058 9 5 7 2	45 175 13 726	46
Median GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$192	\$160	\$188	\$194	\$197	\$218	\$226	\$247	\$280	\$500+	•••		\$183
Less than 15 percent	2 256 1 971	8 29	159 340	119 455	211 464	580 509	514 143	407 21	194 10	64	20 460 13 370	23 154 13 752	14 61
20 to 29 percent	1 523 1 216	138 149	474 640	461	163 77	230 40	47 12	10 13	-	=	10 811 8 497	10 893 8 761	107 134
30 to 34 percent	832 1 788	184	523 1 094	285 79 29	25 12	13	8 7	13 	=	=	7 266 5 821	7 443 5 988	168 573
50 percent or more	2 164	630 1 774	387	3	9	16	- 49	- 17	_ _ 21	_	3 514 4 775	3 481 8 499	1 692 252
Median	541 25.5	275 50+	105 31.9	23 21.5	17.9	42 16.1	13.2	11.3	10—	10	4 //5	8 499	50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto are estim	ates based on o	somple, see Intr	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	ols, see Introduct	ion. For definition	ins of terms, se	e appendixes A	and B}	
Binghamton city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 ta \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 227	135	513	707	646	395	471	160	148	52	320
PERSONS IN UNIT											
] person	239 730	4	35	.54	.52	.51	.11	14	18	-	325 332
2 persons3 persons	/30 645	63 25	108 : 97	109 155	134 154	113 66	133 93 90	37 29	33 15	11	332
4 persons	803	25 27	136	211	154	73	90	43 32	37 30	32 [309
5 persons 6 persons	483 196	10	77 47	89 38	103 28	48 22	91 34	32 5	10	3 6	332 313
7 persons	79 52	-	13	36 15	10 11	15	19	-	5	- 1	287 350
8 or mare persons	3.50	2.52	3.62	3.67	3.39	3.01	3.48	3.50	3.72	3.97	330
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	2 735	116	417	574	553	324	427	146	130	48	324
15 to 24 years	45	,-	48	110	11 149	6 89	28 141	37	12	- {	410 344
25 to 34 years	611 722	15 29	113	174	107	78	118	20	56	10 l 27	321 310
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 232 125	60 12	244 12	263 27	249 37	134 17	126 14	83 6	62	11	310 316
Male householder, no wife present	171	<u>'-</u> '	23	46	48	24	8	-	18	4	317
15 to 24 years	63	!	_	26	15	3	- 8	_	11	_	325 318
35 to 44 years	34	-	13 10	7	6	8		-	_	-	279
45 to 64 years65 years and over	65 5	_ [-	8 5	23	13	_ [-	7	4	332 275
Female householder, no husband present	321	19	73	87	45	47	36	14	-	-	289
15 to 24 years	40	_	_ [26 10	14	_		_	_	_	288
35 to 44 years	70 167	.5	17 51	10 45	_ 24	19 22	11	8	-	-	358 271
45 to 64 years65 years and over	44	14	5 [6	7	6	11 14	6	_	_	383
Median age	45.3	52.4	48.3	45.0	46.1	44.1	40.5	48.4	43.4	43.0	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	325	,-		21	48	52	126	15	39	24	425
1975 to 1978	865 773	11 23	66 133 257	137 232	218 152	124 99	175 45	15 73 35	57 36	18	425 350 300
1960 to 1969	957	23 66 35	257	256	157	95 25	93 32	11 -	16	6	280
1959 or earlier	307	35	57	61	71	25	32	26	-	-	300
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms	9 90	5	33	9	9 12	25	- 6	- [-		325 289 288 298
5 rooms	307	25	33 73 213 107	74	82	25 20 98	22		11	-	288
6 rooms	956 7 9 9	25 40 42 23	107	236 194	199 169	98 86	136 116	29 53 78	5 32		298 317
8 or more rooms	1 066		87	194	175	166	191	78	100	52	366
Median	6.8	6.4	6.2	6.7	6.6	7.1	7.1	7.5	8.1	8.5+	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974	33 32	_		10	9	-	24	4	5 4	- 9	480 333
1960 to 1969	370	- 1	30 82	74	83	52	75 92	. . [38 53	18	333 349
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	520 446	25 22	68 68	83 91	78 114	60 51	66	42 22 92	53 5	5 7	345 318
1939 or earlier	1 826	88	333	449	362	232	214	92	43	13	306
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000	1.0		-	-	,-	-	,-	-	-	-]	-
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	149 442	15 25 65	58 141	48 127	14 77	38	14 34	-	_		252 272 292
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 095	65 30	219	314	288	126	83	- 8	11	-	292
\$50,000 to \$59,999	658 307	-	74 13	149 44	148 74	112 34	126 74	45	23	- -	326 383
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	347 123	-	8	17	31	72	96 29	85 12	38 42	17	456 579
\$100,000 to \$149,999	80	-	-1	-	6	6	10	10	25	23	648
\$150,000 or more	26 \$39 300	\$33 800	\$32 300	\$34 300	\$37 800	\$43 700	\$48 100	\$62 900	9 \$81 100	\$118 800	733
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	40,000	400 000	402 300	ψ0-4 500	ψο, σοσ	4-0 100	Ψ-0 100	402 700	451 100	4,,0 000	
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	1 296	103	349	347	195	111	90	32	56	13	278
15 to 19 percent	754 404	27	71 31	194	200 76 55 24 89	95 69	93 82	42 29	17 30	15 18	321 369
25 to 29 percent	269	_ :	12	69 33 22 42	55	50	94 [12	13	10	384
30 to 34 percent	151 338	- 5	13 37	22	24	28 34	48 64	12 33	4 28	- 6	379 348
Not computed	15	-]	- 1	-	7	8	_	- 1	_	- 1	353
Medion	17.1	11.6	12.9	15.2	18.1	19.3	23.2	21.0	20.2	19.3	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											
Steam or hat water system	3 227	135	513	707	646 145	395	471 95	160 74	148 54	52 21	320 339
Centrol worm-air turnace or electric heat pump	712 2 337	10 125	43 437	189 472	145 469	81 296	340	82	85	31	314
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, wall, or pipeless furnace	39 15	_	-	5	10	7	19	4	9	_	477 313
Other means	124	-	33	41	22	11	17	_	_	-	285
Air conditioning	1 25 7 190	30	161 10	296 17	247 54	1 33 27	193 26	100 13	70 29	27 14	329 376
or more individual room units	1 067	30	151	279	193	106	167	87	41	13	319
House heating fuel	3 227 2 951	135 131	513 469	707 639	646 616	395 348	471 430	1 60 149	148 123	52 46	320 319
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	5	'3'-	-	5	-	-	- 1	-	_	- 1	275
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	45 201	- 4	25	- 57	6 24	7 40	19 22	4	9 16	- 6	466 330
Other	25	2	19	6		-	-				330 233

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

Binghamton city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or mare	Medion (dollars)
	3 985		52	420	867	941	1 082	341	282	142
Specified awner-occupied housing units PERSONS IN UNIT	3 703	-	32	420	007	741	1 062	341	202	142
1 person	1 073	-	27	181	321	205	253	.67	19	126
2 persons3 persons	1 729 680	_	20 5	167 56	400 99	440 205	451 213	124 49	127 53	141
4 persons	334	-	-	16	36	71	112	67	53 32 39	147 170
5 persons6 persons	120 30	_	-		11	16	31 9	23 11	39	204 209
7 persons	13	-	-	_	-	ļ -	13		_	175
8 or more persons Medion	2.03	_	1.46	1.67	1.78	2.10	2.14	2.33	6 2.46	250+
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER					Δ					
Married-couple families	2 316	_	11	177	399	585	687	223	234	149
15 to 24 years	6	-			6	-	-			113
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	31 74	_	_	_	_	5 5	26 49	7	13	170 183
45 to 64 years	1 103	-	, ,	101	196	270	269	128	139	149
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	1 102 297	_ [11 5	76 47	197 78	305 73	343 70	88 14	82 10	147 131
15 to 24 years	7 29	- [-	-	_	7	7	-	7	138
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	23	_ [-	10	8 7	6	-	_	_	148 105
45 to 64 years	86 152	-	- 5	11 26	25 38	10 43	29 34	8	3	142 129
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	1 372	- [36	196	390	283	3 25	104	38	131
15 to 24 years	7	-	_	_	_	7	-	-	-	138
35 to 44 yeors	40	-	-	_	5	18	12	5	_	146
45 to 64 years	421 904	-	22 14	45 151	114 271	106 152	91 222	37 62	6 32	132 128
65 years and over	66.2	=	69.0	68.8	67.3	65.8	66.4	63.8	62.1	126
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	50	_	_	_	25	12	13	_	_	125
1975 to 1978	106	-	-		33	31	42		-	141
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	224 676		5	10 47	28 138	135	61 193	44 89	35 74	173 155
1959 or earlier	2 929	-	47	363	643	722	773	208	173	139
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	18	-	5	.5	.8		.=	-	_	95
4 rooms5 rooms	207 611		5 14	46 68	82 176	53 174	12 145	9 27	7	116 132
6 rooms	1 370	-	28	144	318	340	402	99	39	139
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	966 813	- 1	_	137 20	161 122	235 139	252 271	103 103	78 158	145 173
Medion	6.3	- 1	5.6	6.1	6.0	6.2	6.5	6.8	7.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	.8	_	-	-	-	-	8	-	_	175
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	10 163	-1	_	5 8	20	23	29	- 26	5 57	175 203
1950 to 1959	591	- 1	. 8	41	97	94	191	91	69	203 165
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	464 2 749		13 31	20 346	108 642	96 728	146 708	56 168	25 126	149 137
VALUE			Ŭ.	0.10				, , ,	,	
Less thon \$10,000	76		14	32	24	6				94
\$10,000 to \$19,999	409	<u> </u>	10	55	161	87	96	-	_	122
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	857 1 243	-	20 8	161 124	244 310	256 408	149 313	27 53	27	125 136
\$40,000 to \$49,999	685	=	-	48	103	137	292	92	13	159
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	303 269	-	-	-	17 8	31 16	142 71	77 73	36 101	186 227
\$80,000 to \$99,999	81	-1	-	=	-	"-	15	13	53	250+
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	57	-	-	-	-	_	4	6	47	250+ 250+
Median	\$34 300	=	\$20 300	\$27 600	\$30 100	\$32 600	\$39 300	\$49 800	\$72 800	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS		-								
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	1 585	-	24	176	336 170	346 239	410 199	159	134 71	144
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent	862 533	_	14	92 40	108	151	154	77 43	37	141 145
20 to 24 percent	321	-	14	61	99	29	154 105	13	_	122 142 146
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	152 142	_ [_	10 15	38 16	41 47	49 56	7	7 8	142
35 parcent or more	370	-]	-	26	100	8 <u>1</u>	101	37	25	l 143 l
Not computed Median	20 12.3	_	10.7	11.8	12.9	12.5	. 8 13.2	10.6	10.5	169
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	.2.0				,	12.5		, 5.0		
Heating equipment	3 985	_	52	420	867	941	1 082	341	282	142
Steam or hot water system	715	-	9	12	142	146	199	91	116	162
Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	3 093 35	<u>-</u>	43	372	698	757 —	820 22	250 —	153 13	139 190
Hoor, wall, or pipeless furnoce	37	-	-	12	13	5	7	-	-	113
Other meansAir conditioning	105 1 106	<u>-</u>	- 6	24 74	14 185	33 264	34 274	163	140	136 154
Centrol system	119	=	-	8	_	16	14	28	53	238 149
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	987 3 985	_	6 52	66 420	185 867	248 941	260 1 082	135 341	87 282	149 142
Utility gos	3 653	-	44	403	835	879	968	297	227	140
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	6 35			6	-	_	22		13	88 190
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	273	-	8		25	62	92	44	42	173 95
Other	18		-	11	7	_	1	-	-	95

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Ov	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
Binghamton city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 ar earlier	Tatal	1975 ta March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 ta 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	10 373	60	57	555	2 282	7 419	12 357	252	567	827	2 523	8 188
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	6 847	48	44	475	1 587	4 693	3 611	23	174	225	804	2 385
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	82 889	18	5 -	46	6 245	71 580	497 1 397	17 -	91	41 57	172 336	267 913
35 to 44 years	1 010 3 063 1 803	14 16	10 29	89 270 70	263 699 374	634 2 049 1 359	466 693 5 5 8	- - 6	16 17 50	50 23 54	106 133 57	294 520 391
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 803 839 21	=	13	23	191	612 12	2 955 839	39 7	101 36	191 51	592 228	2 032 517
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	161 114	=	_	9	27 47	125	804 251		47 -	43 21	196 16	518 214
45 to 64 years 65 years and aver	292 251		13	14	58 50	207 201	662 399	15 17	4 14	39 37	113 39	491 292
15 to 24 years	2 687 23	12	Ξ	57 5	504 28	2 114	5 791 1 043	190	292 32	411 95	1 127 310	3 771 606
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	63 171 867	12	_	27	28 41 194	30 130 634	1 159 514 1 302	25 58	30 26 26	48 27 73	298 107 188	758 354 957
65 years and over	1 563 58.9	43.0	51.1	25 52.4	241 56.9	1 297 60.5	1 773 38.4	107 66.5	178 51.5	168 43.3	224 29.9	1 096 40.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	670	0.4		25	105	27/	4 550	00	00.4	207	1 105	0.010
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	570 1 304 1 387	24 36	18 39	35 101 99	135 385 323	376 764 926	4 553 3 791 1 714	99 153	204 156 207	297 236 163	1 135 774 288	2 818 2 472 1 056
1960 to 1969	2 120 4 992	=	- -	32Ó —	466 973	1 334 4 019	1 384 915	=	-	131	270 56	983 859
ROOMS							544	,	10	0.4	00	2/1
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms	17 75	=	5	=	- - 9	12	544 685 2 630	6 8 194	13 123 1 25	84 55 130	80 62 491	361 437 1 690
4 rooms5 rooms	702 1 896	6 7	5	33 119	240 487	423 1 278	3 047 3 113	44	126 112	286 165	816 597	1 775 2 239
6 rooms	3 239 4 444	5 42	24 23	117 286	774 772	2 319 3 321	1 593 745	- -	51 17	54 53	358 119	1 130 556
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.3	7.2	6.3	6.6	6.0	6.3	4.3	3.1	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.4
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	10 288 7 735	54 41	57 37	550 384	2 282 1 735	7 345 5 538	11 800 8 119	252 207	555 335 207	778 499	2 440 1 579	7 775 5 499
0.51 to 1.00	2 438 100	13	20	156 10	513 25	1 736	3 400 247	45 -	6	268 11	778 69	2 102
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	15 85 44	6	Ξ	- 5 5	9 -	6 74 39	34 557 142	-	7 12	49	14 83 16	13 413 114
0.50 or less	41 -	6	=	- -	-	35	397 12	-	12	49	62 5	286
1.51 or more	-	-	-	-	-	-	. 6	-	-	-	-	6
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons	2 098 3 635	12 9	9 10	40 224	443 873	1 594 2 519	5 417 3 553	200 34	261 120	364 249	897 779	3 695 2 371
3 persons	1 845 1 476	12 18	24	78 109	387 312	1 359 1 013	1 620 973	18	84 67	73 65	448 148	997
5 persons6 or more persons	793 526	9 -	5 -	78 26	174 93	527 407	483 311	_	13 22	54 22	152 99	264 168
Median Total persons	2.35 28 864	3.25 216	3.52 201	2.67 1 825	2.30 6 161	2.34 20 461	1.71 25 199	1.13 306	1.69 1.224	1.70 1 713	1.97 5 580	1.67 16 376
UNITS IN STRUCTURE												
1, detoched or ottoched 2 3 and 4	7 669 2 198	41 6	57 -	542 6	2 159 81	4 870 2 105	748 4 018 2 690	 25	21 7 58	41 73 90	206 748 529	480 3 190 1 988
5 to 9	365 111 30	7 6	Ξ	7	36 6	315 99 30	2 690 2 077 1 946	25 31 29	128 96	93 281	349 599	1 476
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	-	=	=	=	_	- -	873 5	167	257	244 5	92	113
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10.070											0.101
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	10 373 2 225 7 555	60 5 12	57 9 43	555 217 303	2 282 328 1 860	7 419 1 666 5 337	12 350 4 894 5 632	252 20 54	567 180 347	827 337 3 75	2 523 1 060 1 147	8 181 3 297 3 709
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	87 89	12 43	5	18	20 20	6 64	344 163	171	20 12	50 35	37 3	66 113
Other means	417 3 348	_	18	17 227	54 855	346 2 248	1 317 2 037	7 37	8 97	30 313	276 360	996 1 230
Centrol system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	399 2 949 10 373	- - 60	18 - 57	69 158	145 710	167 2 081 7 419	290 1 747 12 350	9 28 252	51 46 567	131 182 827	57 303 2 523	1 188 8 181
Utility gas Battled, tank, or LP gas	9 504 16	12	47 —	555 503	2 282 2 085 5	6 857	10 088 180	56 -	464	670 10	1 891 55	7 007
Electricity	93 682	43 5	10	18 34	20 160	12 473	467 1 497	196	28 75	90 57	60 488	93 877
Other Income in 1979 below poverty level	78 634	5	=	27	12 168	66 434	118 3 023	73	159	210	29 755	89 1 826
Percent below poverty level HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	6.1	8.3	-	4.9	7.4	5.8	24.5	29.0	28.0	25.4	29.9	22.3
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 ta \$9,999	815 1 691	5 	_	27 31	185 351	598 1 309	3 202 3 734	142 93	162 172	200 239	657 737	2 041 2 493
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	852 844	8 .7	5	19 17	117 125	703 695	1 470 961	6	50 59	69 54	284 214	1 061 628
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 ta \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 531 1 535 1 796	11 13 6	5 19	45 60 148	272 398 4 5 9	1 198 1 045 1 183	1 430 787 476	<u>5</u>	66 30	116 70 51	284 180 107	959 507 314
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	784 525	10	10 18	94 114	184 191	496 192	233 64	=	- 24	14 14	60	159 26
Medion	\$18 362 \$20 982	\$19 773 \$23 588	\$24 750 \$44 102	\$29 583 \$33 973	\$21 223 \$23 696	\$16 869 \$18 976	\$8 844 \$11 057	\$4 630 \$5 162	\$7 662 \$12 891	\$9 393 \$12 236	\$8 931 \$10 898	\$9 042 \$11 042
									•	_	•	

Table B=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	(Owner-occupied I	nousing units		-		Re	enter-occupied	housing units			
Binghamton city	Total	l unit, detoched or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units	10 373	7 669	2 704	-	12 357	748	4 018	2 690	2 077	1 946	873	5
Condominium housing unitsHOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	/	_	7	-	22	_	_	_	_	5	17	-
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years	6 847 82	5 368 51	1 479 31	_	3 611 497	324 18	1 670 188	743 142	447 82	326 67	101	-
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	889 1 010	675 860	214 150	-	1 397 466	92 82	716 215	289 68	175 56	118 39	7 6	_
45 to 64 years65 years and over	3 063 1 803	2 451 1 331	612 472	-	693 558	76 56	315 236	160 84	62 72	52 50	28 60	-
Male householder, no wife present	839	525	314	-	2 955	139	655	764	498	712	187	-
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	21 161	11 102	10 59	_	839 804	33 16	249 216	175 256	150 112	209 191	23 13	-
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	114 292	62 188	52 104	_	251 662	34 26	68 79	78 156	32 138	34 178	5 85	-
65 years and overFemale hauseholder, no husband present	251 2 687	162 1 776	89 911	_	399 5 7 91	30 285	43 1 693	99 1 183	66 1 1 32	100 908	61 585	5
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	23 63	7 45	16 18	-	1 043 1 159	65 15	285 370	239 300	242 278	207 171	5 25	-
35 to 44 years	171	110	61	-	514	38	190	109	107	65	5	-]
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	867 1 563	605 1 009	262 554	-	1 302 1 773	61 106	409 439	267 268	190 315	259 206	116 434	5
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	58.9	57.9	61.6	-	38.4	43.5	34.8	33.9	35.0	35.7	72.4	77.5
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	570 1 304	416 1 036	154 268	-	4 553 3 791	223 211	1 390 1 270	1 079 853	778 636	839 513	244 308	_
1970 to 1974	1 387 2 120	1 044 1 718	343 402	-	1 714 1 384	66 120	514 502	294 257	316 205	269	255	-
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 992	3 455	1 537	=	915	128	342	207 207	142	229 96	66	-
ROOMS 1 room	_	_	_	_	544	_	8	43	56	259	178	_
2 rooms	17 75	5 22	12 53	<u>-</u>	685 2 630	6 54	29 302	148 835	209 540	157 571	136 323	- 5
4 rooms5 rooms	702 1 896	330 964	372 932	_	3 047 3 113	131 110	916 1 603	710 637	522 455	626 258	142 50	
6 rooms	3 239 4 444	2 412 3 936	827 508	-	1 593 745	171 276	854 306	237 80	243 52	57 18	31 13	-
Median	6.3	6.6	5.5	-	4.3	5.9	5.0	3.9	3.9	3.5	2.9	3.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 288	7 664	2 624	_	11 800	748	3 962	2 607	1 998	1 719	761	5
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	7 735 2 438	5 826 1 760	1 909 678	-	8 119 3 400	501 215	2 730 1 143	1 808 721	1 375 603	1 123 540	577 178	5
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	100 15	69 9	31 6	- [247 34	32	76 13	70 8	20	49 7	- 6	-
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	85 44	5	80 39	-	557	-	56 30	83 35	79 34	227 23	112 20	-
0.51 to 1.00	41	-	41	=	397	_	26	48	38	193	92 92	-
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	-	_	2	2	12 6	_	-	_	7 -	5	Ξ	=
BEDROOMS None	_	_	_	_	670	_	12	58	104	292	204	-
1	353 2 373	86 1 236	267 1 137	_	4 229 4 780	80 249	732 2 091	1 242 940	864 740	817 625	489 135	5
3 4	5 061 2 082	3 996 1 885	1 065 197	-	2 156 431	225 152	1 054 109	382 58	280 74	181 27	34 11	_
5 or more HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	504	466	38	-	91	42	20	10	15	4	-	-
Less than \$5,000	815	561	254	-	3 202	115	617	781	547 798	720	417	5
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 691 852	1 168 541	523 311	-	3 734 1 470	229 71	1 195 559	688 373	218	569 219	255 30	-
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	844 1 531	497 1 068	347 463	_	961 1 430	45 107	336 684	192 289	206 176	154 139	28 35	_
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	1 535 1 796	1 242 1 432	293 364	-	787 476	93 53	354 154	176 142	70 36	78 67	16 24	=
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	784 525	670 490	114 35	-	233 64	35	108	34 15	26	_	30 38	-1
Medion Megn	\$18 362 \$20 982	\$19 998 \$22 542	\$14 402 \$16 557	-	\$8 844	\$11 056	\$10 881 \$12 490	\$9 167 \$11 192	\$7 642 \$9 422	\$6 723 \$8 634	\$5 264 \$11-168	\$3 750 \$3 410
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS				-	\$11 057	\$13 646						
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	10 373 2 225	7 669 1 584	2 704 641	-	12 350 4 894	748 190	4 018 707	2 690 1 159	2 070 1 079	1 946 1 390	873 369	5
Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	7 555 87	5 711 74	1 844 13	-	5 632 344	469 18	2 719 25	1 055 35	658 39	415 55	311 172	5
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	89 417	58 242	31 175	_	163 1 317	11 60	64 503	33 408	26 268	8 78	21	-
Air conditioning Central system	3 348 399	2 543 344	805 55	-	2 037 290	193 13	708 23	321	269 18	267 65	279 164	-1
Vehicles available	9 254 4 844	6 938 3 362	2 316 1 482	-	7 950 5 979	559 372	3 075 2 165	1 716 1 256	1 316 1 092	972 820	312 274	-
2 or more	4 410	3 576	834	-	1 971	187	910	460	224 2 070	152 1 946	38 873	-
House heating fuel Utility gas	10 373 9 504	7 669 7 038	2 704 2 466	-	12 350 10 088	748 657	4 018 3 599	2 690 2 180	1 738	1 384	525	5 5
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	16 93	11 80	5 13	-	180 467	4 18	60 36	56 70	30 83	30 62	198	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	682 78	497 43	185 35	_	1 497 118	61 8	261 62	367 17	199 20	465 5	144	-
Water heating fuel Utility gas	10 373 9 749	7 669 7 137	2 704 2 612		12 329 10 683	748 716	4 018 3 754	2 669 2 344	2 077 1 775	1 939 1 539	873 550	5 5
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	62 450	52 402	10 48	-	223 703	12	48 119	55 142	45 147	63 83	12 200	_
Fuel oil, kerosene, etcOther	112	78	34	-	673 47	12	77 20	128	96 14	249	111	-
Family householder With own children under 18 years	8 150 3 007	6 250 2 446	1 900 561	-	5 575 3 060	477 255	2 352 1 258	1 079 602	848 532	671 382	148 31	-
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	1 015	779	561 236	-	1 775	107	764	359	289	237 294	19 47	=
With own children under 18 years	973 217	675 169	298 48	-	1 707 1 233	112 53	622 453	266 223	366 268	217	19	=
With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	17 2 223	1 419	804	-	598 6 782	23 271	201 1 666	104 1 611	120 1 229	131 1 275	19 725	5
Percent below poverty level	634 6.1	458 6.0	176 6.5	=	3 023 24.5	149 19.9	745 18.5	723 26.9	508 24.5	629 32.3	264 30.2	100.0

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

	[50.0 0.0 00										
Binghamton city	Total	1 persan	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	10 373 298	2 098	3 635 92	1 845 102	1 476 33	793 36	335 15	1 15 13	76 7	2.35 3.06	28 864 1 052
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	92 702 1 896 3 239 2 206 2 238 6.3	57 257 479 695 384 226 5.9	20 306 864 1 260 677 508 6.0	93 330 513 447 462 6.5	21 120 491 341 503 6.8	9 25 72 189 196 302 7.0	6 23 64 104 138 7.2	- 8 9 47 51 7.4	- - 18 10 48 8.3	1.31 1.81 2.04 2.23 2.59 3.33	175 1 380 4 432 8 452 6 480 7 945
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 1.07 or more	10 288 10 173 100 15 85 85	2 086 2 086 - - 12 12	3 603 3 603 - - 32 32 -	1 825 1 825 	1 459 1 459 - - 17 17 -	793 759 25 9	331 302 23 6 4 4	115 98 17 - - -	76 41 35	2.35 2.33 6.62 5.33 2.45 2.45	28 608 27 845 685 78 256 256
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	7 669 2 704 -	1 367 731 -	2 620 1 015 -	1 421 424 -	1 218 258 -	633 160 -	260 75 -	92 23 -	58 18 -	2.44 2.11 -	21 926 6 938 -
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	7 212 76 558 1 299 2 338 1 343 610 616 204 137 31 \$36 600	1 312 23 182 290 367 266 86 70 15 13	2 459 37 172 478 799 400 242 198 86 47	1 325 16 105 172 501 244 87 149 26 21 4 \$37 100	1 137 - 52 162 408 218 102 111 37 28 19 \$38 600	603 - 20 116 155 126 87 44 29 18 8	226 	92 - 8 10 32 37 5 - 5 \$37 100	58 8 23 15 6 - 6 - 5 39 200	2.43 1.91 2.06 2.25 2.51 2.52 2.40 2.77 2.54 2.90 4.11	20 513 142 1 457 3 458 6 713 3 966 1 704 1 753 612 514
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgaged	10 373 \$18 362 14.6 17.1 12.3 634 \$3 303	2 098 \$7 003 23.5 35.9 22.5 333 \$2 738 50+ 50+	3 635 \$17 068 13.3 17.7 11.5 116 \$3 314 46.9 50+	1 845 \$21 872 11.8 16.0 10— 81 \$3 405 32.9 50+	1 476 \$25 075 14.2 16.3 10— 55 \$6 250 46.8 50+	793 \$25 520 14.2 15.9 10— 17 \$6 458	335 \$25 077 14.7 15.9 10— 17 \$8 068	\$28 958 12.1 12.5 10.4 8 \$8 750 32.5 32.5	76 \$28 409 12.7 13.5 10— 7 \$13 750 32.5 32.5	2.35	28 864
Not mortgaged	46.2 12 357	50+ 5 417	43.9 3 553	31.3 1 620	29.7 973	483	183	- 75	- 53	1.71	25 199
Nonrelatives present	544 685 2 630 3 047 3 113 1 593 745 4.3	544 597 1 869 1 260 795 307 45 3.3	984 59 601 1 017 1 180 499 197 4.6	372 - 15 115 548 508 282 152 4.8	168 - 14 40 167 348 253 151 5.3	84 - - 55 188 125 110 5.5	13 - - - 79 73 31 5.7	6 - - - - - 42 33 6.4	11 - - 15 12 26 6.5	2.33 1.00 1.07 1.20 1.76 2.15 2.48 3.36	4 358 544 795 3 622 5 783 7 480 4 477 2 498
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	11 800 11 519 247 34 557 539 12	4 981 4 981 - - 436 436 - -	3 491 3 491 - 62 62 -	1 595 1 580 15 15 	939 903 28 8 34 16 12 6	483 423 55 5 -	183 104 79 - - - -	75 33 42 - - - - -	53 4 28 21 	1.76 1.72 5.82 7.77 1.14 1.12 4.00 4.00	24 418 22 921 1 281 216 781 708 52 21
1, detached ar attached	748 4 018 2 690 2 077 1 946 873	194 1 173 1 284 995 1 060 706 5	211 1 494 737 527 453 131	136 616 340 290 214 24	87 432 210 125 119 -	57 214 75 58 73 6	23 50 23 67 20	23 27 10 15 	17 12 11 - 7 6	2.35 2.06 1.58 1.58 1.42 1.12	1 909 9 435 5 236 4 042 3 499 1 072 6
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	12 291 873 2 049 3 662 2 862 1 587 424 174 214 91 335 \$192	5 392 752 1 326 1 786 962 255 49 37 49 36 140 \$164	3 535 92 389 1 143 994 551 151 48 48 27 92 \$204	1 597 21 187 378 404 391 112 41 14 14 35 \$221	973 - 60 213 266 231 69 37 53 7 37 \$236	483 8 52 81 158 122 10 - 29 7 16 \$222	183 - 21 34 80 20 21 7 - - - \$213	75 - 9 21 4 10 12 - 15 - 4 \$254	53 	1.71 1.08 1.27 1.54 1.98 2.48 2.61 2.55 3.21 1.85 1.80	25 096 1 045 3 355 6 919 6 486 4 180 1 164 488 552 179 728
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Income in 1979 belew poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Median gross rent as percentage af household income	12 357 \$8 844 25.5 3 023 \$3 625 50+	5 417 \$6 118 29.7 1 365 \$2 804 50+	3 553 \$11 623 21.0 583 \$3 529 50+	1 620 \$10 635 26.6 474 \$4 502 50+	973 \$11 816 24.4 272 \$5 742 50+	483 \$10 802 24.2 217 \$6 127 39.9	183 \$13 625 21.1 63 \$6 620 38.3	75 \$22 188 18.8 28 \$6 842 23.9	\$14 821 22.3 21 \$11 406 29.4	1.71 1.75 	25 199

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: Table B — 10.

- L	Daily die exiluit	n no nasan ou	online, see illi		ke in filling in	Allouis, see ill.	ווסמפכוופווי	desiling of the	eiiiis, see uppe	alidixes A drid o	+					-	
			Married-	-couple families		+		Male househo	Male householder, no wife pr	present		æ	emale househol	Female householder, no husband present	present		
Singnamion ciry	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median age
Owner-occupied housing units	10 373	82	888	1 010	3 063	1 803	21	191	114	292	151	23	£9	171	867	1 563	58.9
PERSONS IN UNIT person	2 098 3 635 1 845 1 773 526 2.35 2.35	21 21 15 6 6 255 231	180 240 240 261 149 159 3.59	70 112 368 267 193 4.38	1 183 772 580 281 247 2.95	1 361 331 80 27 27 4 240	2.80 2.80	111 25 11 14 14 1.23 249	47 12 50 50 - - 2.33 255	132 99 37 19 1,64 596	167 422 23 23 14 12 12 393	13 3 1.38 37	13 25 25 242 159	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 6, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,	449 234 113 43 16 12 1.47	1 110 324 78 36 15 1.20	66.5 64.3 65.9 65.9 65.9 65.9 65.9 65.9 65.9 65.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 288 115 85 -	85	880 9 9	1 000 40 10	3 028 54 35	1 791	21	161	12	285 	251	23	63	[[798 9 -	1 551	59.0 48.4 56.1
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD MCOME IN 1979											 .						
With a mortgage	3 227 1 286 1 286 1 286 1 286 1 338 1 388 1 588 1 588 1 583 2 323 1 152 1 152	26 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	20 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	732 3325 3325 187 187 20 20 20 20 20 20 37 44 17 17 17 10 10 10	2335 1 2335 1 2335 2 742 2 742 101 103 8 1 103 1 103 1 104 1 104 1 104 1 104 1 104	1 227 1 254 1 44 1 41 1 10 1 10 2 30 2 30 2 30 2 30 2 30 2 30 2 30 2 3	27. 2	26.2 2.3 2.4 2.6 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.13.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.	23. 23. 24. 25. 25. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	15.5 17.5 17.5 18.8 18.8 18.8 19.7 19.7	7	04 4 4 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	242 242 242 25 25 26 26 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	588 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167	34 1 6 8 8 9 1 4 4 4 9 9 9 1 1 2 9 9 1 1 2 9 9 1 1 2 9 9 1 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1 2 9 1 1 2 9 1	2.24 44 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42 42
Renter-occupied housing units	12 357	497	1 397	466	669	558	839	804	152	662	399	1 043	1 159	514	1 302	1 773	38.4
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons Total persons	5 417 3 553 1 620 973 483 311 25 199	259 153 163 46 39 39 2.46 1 405	489 320 320 368 141 77 4 275	58 96 96 124 114 4.14 1 973	354 178 178 76 15 70 2.48 2.070	502 52 52 - - 4 1 221	345 322 322 27 27 20 1.73 1 5%	522 249 25 - - 1.27	175 175 46 8 8 4 4 7 7 11.22 371	533 64 84 34 1.12 912	364 35 35 1.05 1.05	382 335 215 215 25 25 1.92 2 094	450 326 200 200 103 67 1.90 2 478	201 105 74 69 33 33 2.03 1 244	865 232 128 128 45. 28 1.25 2 036	1 580 177 12 12 4 1.06	29.2 29.2 31.9 32.6 40.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	11 800 281 557 18	485 11 12	1 379 87 18	461 60 5	682 40 11 6	546 - 12	788 5 51	766	244 7 7	552 110 -	304	973 14 70 -	1 119 23 40 5	509 5 - 5 - 1	1 265 28 37	1 727	38.1 35.1 51.8 32.0
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent Not computed	12 291 2 256 2 256 1 523 1 523 1 216 2 164 2 164 2 55.5	497 137 137 87 61 70 70 41 30 66 5	1 390 335 335 236 147 52 89 76 63	466 108 108 124 15 15 22 22 52 15 15	685 351 132 132 243 25 26 14.0	553 76 110 88 88 88 33 103 163 24.0	833 93 91 108 105 74 72 229 229 229 30.0	804 227 171 123 77 77 71 71 71 82	251 66 66 75 7 7 7 7 10 19.0	662 188 188 198 51 77 73 107 39 39	389 26 26 26 26 49 49 49 59 76 30,6	1 043 108 88 80 80 77 79 92 174 392 30 30	1 159 164 206 146 117 117 46 256 216 27.5	514 46 139 139 15 15 107 70 19 27.8	1 285 142 142 153 153 141 137 221 221 264 60	1 760 135 136 216 179 120 414 472 88 36.4	88.33.52.2.2.2.2.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3.3

Table B—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[DOID DIE ESIMIN	ores bosed on b	somple, see	Male hous		or symbols,	sec miredeci	ion. Tor definin	Cha Cr Terms	Female hou			
Binghamton city			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 ta 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years
,	Total	Total	yeors	years	years	years	and over	Total	years	years	years	yeors	and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 098	466	9	111	47	132	167	1 632	13	13	47	449	1 110
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 086	466	9	111	47	132	167	1 620	13	13	47	449	1 098
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	12	-	-	-	-	_	_	12	-	-	-	-	12
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more	1 367 731	308 158	4 5	65 46	27 20	96 36	116 51	1 059 573	13	7 6	28 19	308 141	716 394
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	'-	-	-	~	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	3/4
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	606	81	_ 5	5 31	-8	.8	68 78	525	-	_	17	127	398
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	845 195 149	159 48 36	- 4	19 12	6 7	37 17 13	6	686 147 113	- 8 5	- 13	11 - 8	201 62 38	474 77 49
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	143 93	59 37	=	27	11 15	15 16	6	84 56	-	-	6 14	21	57 42
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	42 14	34 7	_	11	_	19 7	4	8 7	_	_	8 _	_	7
\$50,000 or more	\$7 003	\$9 650	\$9 750	\$12 604	\$18 068	\$13 269	\$5 531 \$7 853	\$6 639	\$12 031	\$13 750	\$16 875	\$7 807	\$6 103 \$7 935
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$9 102	\$12 277	\$10 870	\$14 123	\$15 364	\$15 316	\$7 853	\$8 195	\$12 585	\$12 866	\$18 192	\$7 531	\$7 935
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units	1 312	280	4	55	27	83	111	1 032	_	7	28	308	689
With a mortgage Less than \$200	239 4	120	4	48	27	41	-	119 4	-	7	22	6 6 4	24
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	35 54	13 30	- -	22	13	- 8	-	22 24	_	7	_	17 17	5
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	52 51 11	38 21	4	15 _ _	6 8	13 13	-	14 30 11	_	-	14	7 16	7 -
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	14	18	-	_ 11	-	- 7	-	14	-	-	8	5 - -	6
\$750 or more	\$325	\$322	\$325	\$307	\$304	\$348	-	\$334	-	\$275	- \$389	\$285	\$400
Net mortgaged Less than \$50	1 073	160	-	7	=	42	111	913	_	-	6	242	665
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	27 181	5 31	_	_	=	5	5 26	22 150	_	_	-	8 33	14 117
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	321 205	44 16	_	-	-	12 5	32 11	277 189	-	_	-	84 61	193 128
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	253 67 19	54 10	_	7	=	16 4	31	199 57 19	-	-	6 - -	43 13	150 44 19
Median	\$126	\$125	-	\$175	=	\$145	\$119	\$126	=	=	\$175	\$124	\$127
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	23.5	23.4	27.5	24.9	35.4	20.1	23.9	22.5		07.5	30.0	05.4	22.9
With a mortgage	35.9 22.5	24.3 22.1	27.5	36.4 22.5	35.4	22.3 14.2	23.9	23.5 45.9 22.6	=	27.5 27.5	43.8 12.5	25.6 41.7 23.2	50+ 22.5
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	333 15.9	13 2.8	_	-	=	6,1	5 3.0	320 19.6	-	=	-	115 25.6	205 18.5
Renter-occupied housing units	5 417	1 939	345	522	175	533	364	3 478	382	450	201	865	1 580
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 981	1 665	307	492	168	429	269	3 316	331	420	196	828	1 541
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	436	274	38	30	7	104	95	162	51	30	5	37	39
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	194 1 173	53	_	_	17	6	30	141 840	14 70	6 112	5 87	37 213	79 358
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 284 995	333 529 349	70 99 78	108 182 68	52 48 19	74 107 126	29 93 58	755 646	85 115	145 110	56 34	214 106	255 281
10 to 49 50 or more	1 060 706	507 168	85 13	151 13	34 5	144 76	93 61	553 538	98	66 11	14	188 107	187 415
Mobile home or trailer, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	_	-	5
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	2 245 1 758	696 544	153 120	111 115	35 43	163 189	234 77	1 549 1 214	143 197	63 150	28 97	414 276	901 494
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	543 349	226 160	21 36	121	29 15	33 50	22 11	317 189	28 14	127 67	20 27	103 40	39 41
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 9 9 117	170 88	10 5	92 23	20 25	42 27	6 8	129 29	_	29 8	29 	26 6	45 15
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	70 10	35	_	12 -	8 -	15	- -	35 10	_	6	_	_	29 10
Medion	26 \$6 118 \$7 819	20 \$7 257 \$9 394	\$5 855 \$6 084	\$10 723 \$10 375	\$10 819 \$11 989	\$7 515 \$11 676	\$4 430 \$6 533	5 648 \$6 942	\$5 930 \$5 824	\$10 236 \$10 035	\$9 215 \$9 719	\$5 348 \$6 405	\$4 626 \$6 272
GROSS RENT			·							·			
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	5 392 752	1 929 223	345 19	5 22 24	17 5 5 63	533 70	354 105	3 463 529	382 32 75	450 31	201 5	856 121	1 574 340 373
\$150 to \$199	1 326 1 786 962	575 645 304	74 130 78	80 213 160	58 18	240 160 30	118 84 18	751 1 141 658	184 91	87 212 89	46 75 34	170 317 181	353
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	255 49	83 26	18 26	31	21 -	8 -	5	172	-	31	18	34	263 89 15
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	37 49	15	_	_	_	7 -	8 -	23 22 49	_	=	_	=	22 49
\$500 or moreNo cosh rent	36 140	12 46	-	14	10	6 12	10	24 94	- -	- -	15	6 27	18 52
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$164	\$159	\$182	\$185	\$171	\$140	\$132	\$166	\$171	\$176	\$170	\$166	\$158
Median gross rent as percentage of heuseheld income in	29.7	25.1	30.7	21.1	19.3	22.9	32.1	33.3	38.0	21.5	20.0	33.3	37.8
Percent below poverty level	1 365 25.2	445 22.9	1 32 38.3	80 15.3	30 17.1	1 42 26.6	6 1 16.8	920 26.5	110 28.8	49 10.9	28 13.9	333 38.5	400 25.3

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Binghamton city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Binghamton city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	131	37	21	73	Vacant for rent housing units	733	287	238	208
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	53 18 15 45 6.2	 14 8 15 7.1	- 6 - 7 8 7.1	- 33 18 - 22 5.7	1 room	140 24 248 104 135 61 21	64 5 127 36 45 10 -	34 16 69 32 58 23 6	42 3 52 36 32 28 15 3.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES	131	27	21	73	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	- 131	37	21 -	73	Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	615 118	224 63	221 17	170 38
Nane	_	_	_	_	BEDROOMS				
1	8 46 35 42 -	14 - 23 -	8 6 - 7 -	26 35 12	None	140 291 199 69 30	64 139 65 19	34 86 85 16	42 66 49 34 17
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	4	-	4	-
1975 to March 1980	21 - 13 4 13 80	14 - - - 23	- - - - 21	7 - 13 4 13 36	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	4 25 58 13 16 617	- 12 - 4 271	4 25 11 8 5 185	35 5 7 161
1, detoched or ottoched	74 57	23 14	7 14	44 29	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or trailer HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system Other means None	124	37	21	66 7	1, detached or ottoched	31 148 158 108 243 45	- 42 75 45 103 22	21 50 46 30 91	10 56 37 33 49 23
PRICE ASKED					Mobile home or trailer	-	[-	-	
PRICE ASRED Specified vacant for sale only housing units	74 7 1 21	23 - - - 8 -	7 7 - - -	44 - 1 21 11	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	73 3 53 216 246 134	287 9 82 139 52	238 27 55 78 47	208 17 79 -29 35
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 or more	4 15 7 - \$37 100	- 8 7 - \$62 200	- - - \$10000—	4 7 - \$32 500	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399 \$400 or more Medion	51 10 23 \$174	\$174	27 4 5179	19 6 23 \$156

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

		Price asked	—Specified	vacont for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d—Specified	l vocant for	rent housing	units	
Binghamton city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Totol	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)
Total	74	7	22	19	26	-	37 100	733	53	462	185	10	23	174
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	74 -	7	22	19	26	_	37 100 -	615 118	36 17	375 87	185	10	9 14	181 109
BEDROOMS														
None	- 4 28 42 -	- - - 7	- - 16 6	- - 5 14 -	- 4 7 15	-	52 500 29 200 37 900	140 291 199 69 30	17 18 18 	94 230 105 24 5	11 38 76 35 25	- - 10 -	18 5 - - - -	121 169 192 212 285 165
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	7 - 13 4 13 37	- - - - 7	- 7 - 6 9	- 6 - - 13	7 - - 4 7 8	-	95 000 29 800 52 500 60 400 36 000	4 25 58 13 16 617	- - - 16 37	30 13 -	25 23 - - 137	4 - - - - 6	5 - - 18	375 242 110 175 91 173
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detoched or attached 2 or more Mobile home or troiler	74 	7 	22 	19 	26 	:::	37 100 	31 702 -	53 -	22 440 –	176	10	23	195 173 -

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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The 1980 census was conducted primarily

through self-enumeration. The principal

UTILIZATION

CHARACTERISTICS.....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional group quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder groved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other. members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder -- Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/
Hispanic origin or descent of householder
were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of
the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic'' origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports. Series PC80-S1-7. "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that since the effects of the more extensive edit. were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors: namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—''Year structure built'' refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers. fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood, "Bottled, tank, or I P gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs. etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes: fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix F).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Star of Parilly Vista	Weighted			Re	elated chi	ldren unde	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • • •	• • • •		• • •				
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •	•••	• • •	•••	•••
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000				• • •			•••
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••		• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	•••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844		•••				
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382					
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			• • • •
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024

Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
Armed Forces	C-1
Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
Americans Abroad	C-2
Citizens of Foreign Countries	C-2
DATA COLLECTION	
PROCEDURES	C-2
PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be

away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usuai residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C: and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county In small counties with a boundaries. sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a

Fersons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18

6-10 2 pers

2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons

in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

M/h:4- D---

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race									
	Persons of Spanish Origin									
	Male									
1	0 to 4 years of age									
2	5 to 14 years of age									
3	15 to 19 years of age									
4	20 to 24 years of age									
5	25 to 34 years of age									
6	35 to 44 years of age									
7	45 to 64 years of age									
8	65 years of age or older									
	Female									
9-16	Same age categories as									

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

groups 1 to 8

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the However, to sample person records. avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family									
	With Own Children Under 18									
1	2 persons in housing unit									
2	3 persons in housing unit									
3	4 persons in housing unit									
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit									
5	8 or more persons in housing									
	unit									
	Housing Units With a Family									
2.2	Without Own Children Under 18									
6-10	2 persons in housing unit									
	through 8 or more persons									
	in housing unit									

All Other Housing Units 1 person in housing unit

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
•	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
1	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
81	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59
82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86 87	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90 91	Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

147-168

Same rent-Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

- 1 Vacant for Rent
- 2 Vacant for Sale
- 3 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as To control these part of the sample. problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either, at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renterunit. The assignment of occupied acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55 - -	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200 230 250	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210 250	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 340	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 1 000 000 10 000 000		- - - - -	- - - - -	-	- - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - -	- - - - - -	310	510 550 - 	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{8} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Occupancy and vacancy status	1.1	0.8	0.5
Tenure	1.2	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	1.0	0.7	0.5
Passenger elevator	1.0	0.7	0.5
Source of water	1.0	0.8	0.5
Sewage disposal	1.1	0.9	0.6
Year structure built	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.2	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities	1.1	0.8	0.5
Number of bedrooms or			
bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1. 1	0.8	0.5
Income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Complete plumbing facilities for exclusive use with 1.01			
persons per room or more	1.1	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5
value	1.0	1.0	0.9

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample			
The SMSA	117 171	22.4			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Binghomton city	24 247	16.1			

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Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living guarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	eek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposas should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A *place* is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this *residence* is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket (\(\)) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes *only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did *not* live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - **b.** If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24 a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

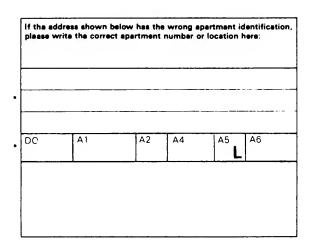
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States



Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved OMB No 41-S78006 Please continue —

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this.

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- . Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

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			·.	
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Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box \square .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
 and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

ze 2		PERSON in column 1	THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	Last name	PERSON in column 2 Let name
QUESTIONS ↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial
in column : Fill one circle If "Other rela	e. ntive'' of person in column 1, ationship, such as mother-in-law,	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder O Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	O Male Female	O Male
4. Is this person		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Print tribe →	 ○ White ○ Black or Negro ○ Hawaiian ○ Japanese ○ Guamanian ○ Chinese ○ Samoan ○ Filipino ○ Eskimo ○ Korean ○ Aleut ○ Vietnamese ○ Indian (Amer.) Print tribe
a. Print age at b. Print month	and fill one circle. In the spaces, and fill one circle	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday
6. Marital state		Now married	Now married
7. Is this person origin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1. 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, lementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	1 Ses, private, churchi-leiated	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related
regular sch attended? Fill one circle		Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade ar year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 O O O O O O O O O
person is in.	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark ''12.''	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended school - Skip question 10
	erson finish the highest year) attended? :/e.	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year) 	 Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)
		CENSUS USE ONLY A. OIONO	USE ONLY A. OI ON OO

Page 3

Please see note on page 20.	
If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Partner, roommate H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or In a hospital? Yes No No Yes No Is any part of the property used as commercial establishment or medica	
' ' '	
Male Female White Asian Indian Black or Negro Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other - Specify Indian (Amer.) Male Female H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker. No What is the value of this property, that much do you think this property (house condominium unit) would sell for if it is address? One 2 apartments or living quarters 3 apartments or living quarters A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial estable	is, how e and lot or vere for sale?
Print tribe 4 apartments or living quarters 0 4 apartments or living quarters a. Age at last birthday 1 <	5 \$54,999 5 \$59,999 5 \$64,999 5 \$69,999 5 \$74,999
Oct.—Dec. Mow married Separated Widowed Divorced	struction
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic No, has not attended since February 1 Yes public school public college No, has not attended since February 1 Yes public school public college No plumbing facilities in living quarters No plumbing facilities in living quarters Stoto \$59 \$170 to \$59 \$180 to \$69 \$180 to \$79 \$190 to \$70 to \$79 \$2250 to \$79 \$2250 to \$79 \$225 to \$70 to \$79 \$225 to \$79	.79 .89 .99 .224 .49 .774
Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related O whend or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent? **S120 to \$129 **\$3300 to \$1.00 to	399 199
Nursery school Number Number Number Number Number Nursery school Number Number Number Number Number Number Number Nursery school Nurser	000

ge 4	ALSO ANSWER THESE (QUESTION
H13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. A mobile home or trailer	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	USE H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	○ Gas: bottled, tank, or LP ○ Wood ○ Other fuel	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity — O No fuel used	I I I
A building for 2 families A building for 3 or 4 families	○ Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	8 8 8
A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	3 3 3
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Geal or calca.	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke Wood	6 6 6
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Other fuel	7 7 7
A boat, tent, van, etc.	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	H22b.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes	5. ○ Gas: from underground pipes ○ Coal or coke serving the neighborhood ○	0 0 0
1 to 3 — Skip to H15 \circ 7 to 12	O Gas: bottled tank or LP	2 2 3
4 to 6 13 or more stories	C Flectricity O Other fuel	3 3 3
L 1. Ab	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9- 9- 9
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
C Yes C No	a. Electricity	6 6 6
H15a. Is this building —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	Average monthly cost Cost Electricity not used	9 9 9
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge Gas not used	0 0 0
	Average monthly cost	III
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	2 2 3
from this place amount to —	\$00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
C Less than \$50 (or None)	Yearly cost	9-9-9
\$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
H16. Do you get water from —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?	Yearly cost O These fuels not used	888
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	9 9 9
C An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
117. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	3 3 3 3
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means	○ No bedroom ○ 2 bedrooms ○ 4 bedrooms ○ 1 bedroom ○ 3 bedrooms ○ 5 or more bedrooms	9 9 9 9
	O 1 Decircum O 3 Decircums O 3 of more beautions	555
118. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was	H25. How many bathrooms do you have?	6666
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	A <u>complete</u> bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.	8888
○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
1970 to 1974	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
	 No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 	
119. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete bathroom	0000
this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 0 1950 to 1959	 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms 	IIII
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1949 or earlier	2 of fillote complete bathrooms	8888
1970 to 1974 Always lived here	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	3333
2 1960 to 1969	○ Yes ○ No	5555
120. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	6666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	7771
Steam or hot water system	O Yes, 1 individual room unit	9999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	0000
© Electric heat pump © Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	1111
or baseboard)	of your household?	8888
	○ None ○ 2 automobiles	3333
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	○ 1 automobile ○ 3 or more automobiles	5555
Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	6666
Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable)		7777
 Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind No heating equipment 	O None O 2 vans or trucks	9999
○ Ho Heating equipment	○ 1 van or truck ○ 3 or more vans or trucks	

YOUR HOUSEHOLD	
Please answer H30—H32 if you live in a one-family house	
which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —	
A mobile home or trailer	
Thany of these, of the you	rent your unit or this is a kip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
A house with a commercial establishment	The rise to rise and tarn to page of
or medical office on the property J	
that were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender? Also include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding
\$.00 OR O Nane	second or junior mortgages on this property,
	\$.00 OR \(\cap \) No regular payment required \(- Skip \)
nat is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	ρα
20 00 00 10	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for real estate taxes on this property?
\$.00 OR O None	
la you have a meetrage deed of trust contract to purchase or similar	O Yes, taxes included in payment
o you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar lebt on <u>this</u> property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
O Yes, contract to purchase	○ Yes, insurance included in payment
O Na — Skip to page 6	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	- The modern of the modern of
O Yes O No	
•	Please turn to page 6
THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	LICE ONLY
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age 6								A	NSWER	THESE C	UESTIO	NS FO
Name of	16.	When was t	his person	born?			22a. D	id this perso	on work at	any time <u>la</u>	st week?	
Person 1			b e fore April				0	Yes — Fill t	his circle If t	his O No	- Fill this	circle
on page 2:	.		ase go on wi		17-33				n worked fu		if this p	
Last name First name Middle initial			April 1965 o						or part time.		did not	-
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born?	1		rn to next pa						nt part-time i as delivering		or aia housev	only own
Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of		In April 197			•	-			ping withou		school	
the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital	ď	. On active	•	No	ces:				ily business		or voiu	
were in the same State.	1	O res	0	ING	·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Also	count active	duty	work.	
	b	. Attending	college?					in the	Armed For	ces.)		
		Yes	0	No						Skip to	25	
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.		. Working a	t a job or b	ucinace?		_	b. F	low many ho	urs did thi	s person w	ork last w	eek
12. If this person was born in a foreign country –	1)	_	ull time O					at all jobs)?				
Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?		O Yes, p					3	Subtract any t	me off; add	overtime or	extra hours	worked.
 Yes, a naturalized citizen 	18a	. Is this per			-	-				Hours	_	
O No, not a citizen	ł		the Armed			States?	22 44				1. 1	
Born abroad of American parents		It Service wa	s in National	Guard or Re	serves only,			what location whis person wo				
	1	O Yes	-	No - Skip	10			ins person wo here he or she			cation, prii	n
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	1			- 10 - 3KI								مامام
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959	b	. Was active	-	-	-		"	one location c	aimut de spe	crried, see in	struction gl	nue.
i i			for each peri	od in which i	this person s	erved.		Address (Nun	nher and stre	et l		
○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950		-	975 or later	. 1054				address (Man	ibei una stre			
12a Danadhia ann an La Languaga at an Abanda	┨		am era <i>(Augi</i> ary 1955—J		1973)							
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?	Ì		n conflict (/	•	nuary 1955	;)	7	If street addre	s is not kno	wn, enter the	building n	ame,
☐ ○ Yes ○ No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	ļ		War II (Sept			-		shopping cente		-	_	
Tes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14			War I (April	1917-Nove	mber 1918)		b. N	lame of city	town, villa	ge, boroug	h, etc.	
b. What is this language?	1	O Anyo	ther time									
	19.	Does this p	erson have	a physical,	mental, or	other	} .					
		health cond			for 6 or m	ore	c.i	s the place (of work insi	ide the inc	ornorated	(legal)
(For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)		months and	d which			/on No		imits of that				
c. How well does this person speak English?	а.	Limits the ki			_	<u>res No</u>	,	O Yes		, in unincor		
○ Very well ○ Not well		Of Work (I	nis person c	an do at a jo	DD!	0 0	-				· 	
O Well O Not at all	b.	Prevents thi	s person fro	m working a	it a job?	0 0	٠.					
	c.	Limits or pre				0 0	a. c	County				
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about			g public tra			0 0						
how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	1	If this person			one 1 2 3		e. S	itate		f. ZIP Coo	de	
	!	low many b	abies has s	he ever (000	0000		ast week, he				
	1	nad, not cou Do not count	_		7 8 9 10	11 12 or	t	o get from h	_	-	-	rersuii
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran	1	or children sh			0000	more				(,	
Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican,]		·				ļ			Minute	s	
Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezueian, etc.)	1	If this person					١.:					
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago	a.	Has this pe				cer		How did this If this person ເ				
(April 1, 1975)?		○ Once		More than o	nce .¥			isually used fo			ou, gire uie	00
If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	Ь.	Month and	year		and year			O Car		O Taxic	ab	
of residence there.		of marria	ge?	of first	marriage?			O Truck		O Mato	rcycle	
O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for								○ Van		O Bicyc		
Yes, this house − Skip to 16 next person		(Month)	(Year)	(Month)	(Year,	<u>)</u>		O Bus or st	reetcar		ed only ed at home	
○ No, different house	c. /	If married mo	re than once	- Did the	first marria	ge	1	O Railroad O Subway	or elevated		— Specify	
Y	۱ ،	end becaus	e of the dea	oth of the h	usband (o	r wife)?	If car. I	truck, or van li			.,,	,
b. Where did this person live five years ago		Yes	0	No			1	ise, skip to 28				
(April 1, 1975)?	1	7777	7777	7777	///r	DR CENSU	SUSE	ONLY.	1777	11111	1111	1111
(1) State, foreign country,	77	777.	77777	11177					23.	777	7777	24a.
Puerto Rico,	Per. No.	11.	13ь.		14.		15b.	0 000	į.	0.00	0 VL	
Guam, etc.:	I.	000	000			000	00	0 0 0 0	000	000	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	00
	S	5 5 5	SSS		888	:	S S		SSS		SSS	SS
(2) County:	3	3 3 3	3 3 3		3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3		3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3 3	3 3
(3) City, town,	4	9-9-9-	999		944	444	9-9-		999		4-4-4-	44
village, etc.:	5	5 5 5	3 5 5		555	555	5 5		5 5 5		555	5 5
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	6	666	666		666	7 ? ?	66	6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7	666		666	66
of that city, town, village, etc.?	0	888	888		888	888	88		888		888	88
	1 -	1 1 1 1	1	1		100	ء ما		1000	0.00	000	99

c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a few	CEN	SHE II	SE ONLY
Orive alone — Skip to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	CEN	303 0	SE UNLT
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 31d	1	31c.	3 I d.
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100		00	00	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 1 1	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?	I I	1 1	
	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.	3 <	3 3	
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7 or more	044		9-0	1 4-4-	
		Weeks	÷, ·,	1 . 5	
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	7 "" 6 6.	During the weeks worked in 1070, how many beauty did	1 7.1	156	•
. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	0 7 7	c. During the weeks <u>worked</u> in 1979, how many hours did this person usually work each week?	. '	1 7 7	1
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV := 5	this person usually work each week:		188	
O Yes, on layoff	000	Hours	* ,	199	9
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	ļ		 	· 💻 -	
○ No	22b.	d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how many weeks	l	!	32b.
a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 week	s? 😌 છ	was this person looking for work or on layoff from a job?	000		0000
_ ○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 27	I I	Weeks	ī		I I 1 I
	2.8		1888		8 5 5 8
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —	3 4		3333
O No, already has a job		Fill circles and print dollar amounts.	5 - 5		5555
O No, temporarily ill	5 C	If net Income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount.	666	,	6666
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	1	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For income received jointly by household members, see instruction quide.	7 ()	,	7777
O Yes, could have taken a job	8.3		គ្នា		8888
. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	5	During 1979 did this person receive any income from the	5116		4000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	following sources?	,	A O	O A C
0 1980 0 1978 1 1970 to 1974 Skip to	, 28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did this	32c.		32d.
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?	000		000c
1) Ideas Molyson	20	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	II		1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes, bonds,	2 2 .		2565
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	3.0	dues, or other items.	3.3.		3 3 3
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	1	○ Yes → \$.00	9-9-6		9999
this person worked the most hours. If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	GHJ	O No	5	551	5555
last job or business since 1975.	2 O C	(Annual amount – Dollars)	666	361	6666
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professional	7 6 1	7 7 1	1771
3. Industry	○ ○	practice Report <u>net</u> income after business expenses.	8 00 8	ខន់	8888
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		○ Yes → \$.00	000	9 9	0000
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	(Annual amount – Dollars)	0 ,	A 👇	OAC
	; 7 I	c. Own farm	32e.	·	32t.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)		Report net income after operating expenses. Include earnings as	000	1	
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	: ·:	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	1	III	000C
Describe the activity at location where employed.		3 V	1	: :	, 6,
		O No	1	3 4	3 3
35		(Annual amount – Dollars)	- 0.0	9-11	9.9
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house, auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	1.13	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income	· · ·	5 - 1	> 5 °
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	┥ ・	Report even small amounts credited to an account.	6 (561	666
	AF O	> Yes → \$.00	?	7 7	111
Manufacturing Retail trade Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction		O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	i	3 :-	88.
wholesale trade Other — Isanice, government, etc	2	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement	1 99	9 9 1	13.
Occupation .	29.	•	32g.	+	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	N P Q	○ Yes → \$.00	_		
	000	No (Annual amount - Dollars)	1 1		1111
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	1	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid to Families with	7 : 1		2 2 2 2 3
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator).	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assistance	33		3333
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties	000	or public welfare payments	9- 9- 6		9 9 9 9
	UVW	○ Yes → § .00	5 5		5555
/En manuala, Batiant and discrete history Britania	000	O No (Annual amount – Dollars)	660		6666
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ		77	7 7	7777
). Was this person — (FIII one circle)	000	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments,	888		8888
Employee of private company, business, or		pensions, alimony or child support, or any other sources	1.30	19	9999
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions O	00	of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an Inheritance			O A (
	1 1	exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inheritance or the sale of a home.			
Federal government employee	i. i.	- V	II	II	
State government employee	3 3 3	○ Yes → \$.00	5 5	3 3	
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	C). C. C.	No (Annual amount – Dollars)	4-4-	99	1
Self-employed in own business,	5 5 5	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	55	5 5	1
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a	66	66	
Own business not incorporated	(; ?	through g; subtract any losses.	7 7	7 7	1
Own business incorporated	3 8 8	If total amount was a loss, (Annual amount – Dollars)	88	88	- 1
Working without pay in family business or farm ○	9.19	write "Loss" above amount. OR O None	99	99	999

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GENERAL

The results of the 1980 Census of Population and Housing are issued in three forms: printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin & Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar, status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports-These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B. Chapter B. Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1. Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2-This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2. except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, and HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5-This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171. the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

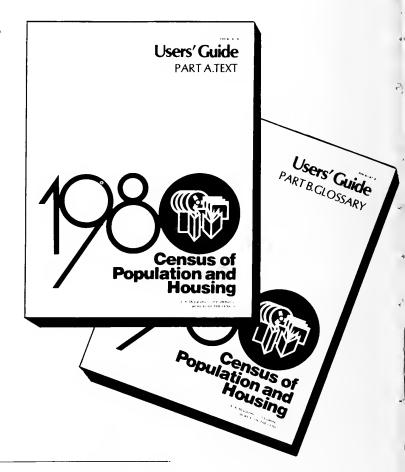
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

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- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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